

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2020 and 2019

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# **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors of Modesto Irrigation District

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Modesto Irrigation District and its component units (the District), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the District as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole. The combining statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Madison, Wisconsin April 30, 2021

Baker Tilly US, LLP

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### Overview:

The following management discussion and analysis of the Modesto Irrigation District and its fiduciary activities (District) provides an overview of the financial activities and transactions for fiscal years 2020 and 2019 in the context of the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, as amended. This discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the District's audited financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### Financial Reporting:

The District's accounting records are maintained in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

#### **Explanation of Financial Statements:**

The financial statements for the District include a Balance Sheet; Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; Statement of Cash Flows, Statement of Fiduciary Net Position; Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position; and Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **Balance Sheet:**

The Balance Sheet provides information about assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and equity of the District at a specific point in time. Assets are economic resources the District owns that have value and can either be sold or used by the District to produce products or services that can be sold. Assets include power generation plants, vehicles, equipment, inventory, cash and investments, and customer accounts receivable.

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time.

Liabilities are amounts of money that the District owes to others. This includes debt, money owed to suppliers for materials, payroll, and taxes owed to other governmental agencies.

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Equity or Net Position are the funds that would be left if the District sold all of its assets and paid off all of its liabilities.

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position:

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position is more commonly known as the Income Statement. This statement provides information regarding the District's operations including revenue earned and expenses incurred over a one year period. The "bottom line" of the statement shows the District's end of year net position.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### Statement of Cash Flows:

The Statement of Cash Flows reports the District's inflows and outflows of cash. This report provides management with information regarding cash on hand and the ability to pay expenses and purchase assets.

A cash flow statement reflects changes over time rather than absolute dollar amounts at a point in time. The bottom line of the cash flow statement shows the net increase or decrease in cash for the period. Cash flow statements are divided into three activities: (1) operating activities; (2) investing activities; and (3) capital financing activities.

- Operating Activities analyzes the cash flow from operational activities (Operating Income and Expenses). This section of the cash flow statement reconciles the operating income to the actual cash MID received from or used in its operating activities. To facilitate this, the operating income is adjusted for any non-cash items (depreciation expenses) and any cash that was used or provided by other operating assets and liabilities.
- Investing Activities reflects the cash flow from all investing activities including purchases or sales of investment securities.
- Capital Financing Activities shows the cash flow from all financing activities. Typical sources of cash flow include funds received from borrowings, paying back debt service, and the purchase of capital assets

#### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Balance Sheet) reports the financial resources available for future pension and other retirement benefits.

#### Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position:

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position (Income Statement) reflects the additions and deductions and net increase (decrease) in net position held in trust for pension and other retirement benefits.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

The following is a comparative financial summary for years ending December 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018.

# **Financial Summary**

Balance Sheet				
(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	Change from 2019 to 2020
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Utility plant, net	\$ 701,069	\$ 702,912	\$ 707,801	\$ (1,843)
Other noncurrent assets and				
investments	450,669	452,783	378,947	(2,114)
Current assets	127,764	116,538	169,857	11,226
Deferred outflows of resources	104,404	154,527	64,629	(50,123)
Total Assets and Deferred				
Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 1,383,906</u>	\$ 1,426,760	\$ 1,321,234	<u>\$ (42,854)</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position				
Long-term debt, net	\$ 530,705	\$ 575,520	\$ 576,865	\$ (44,815)
Noncurrent liabilities	214,682	307,164	294,354	(92,482)
Current liabilities	80,133	75,432	77,766	4,701
Deferred inflow of resources	92,150	73,758	52,388	18,392
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	192,024	152,992	143,940	39,032
Restricted	1,593	-	-	1,593
Unrestricted	272,619	241,894	175,921	30,725
Total Liabilities, Deferred				
Inflows, and Net Position	\$ 1,383,906	\$ 1,426,760	\$ 1,321,234	\$ (42,854)
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position				
(\$ in thousands)	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	Change from 2019 to 2020
Operating revenues	\$ 430,902	\$ 425,802	\$ 412,328	\$ 5,100
Operating expenses	(357,813)	(342,229)	(337,893)	(15,584)
Operating income (loss)	73,089	83,573	74,435	(10,484)
, ,				
Non-operating Income (Expenses)	12.071	14 210	0.400	(240)
Investment and other income, net	13,971 (29,989)	14,319 (31,512)	8,489 (32,567)	(348) 1,523
Interest expense	3,355	(31,312) 4,176	(32,307) 4,504	(821)
Other non-operating income, net  Non-operating income (expense)	(12,663)	(13,017)	(19,574)	354
Contributed capital - Electric/Water	10,924	4,469	2,029	6,455
Change in net position	71,350	75,025	56,890	(3,675)
Net position, beginning of year	394,886	319,861	262,971	75,025
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 466,236	\$ 394,886	\$ 319,861	\$ 71,350

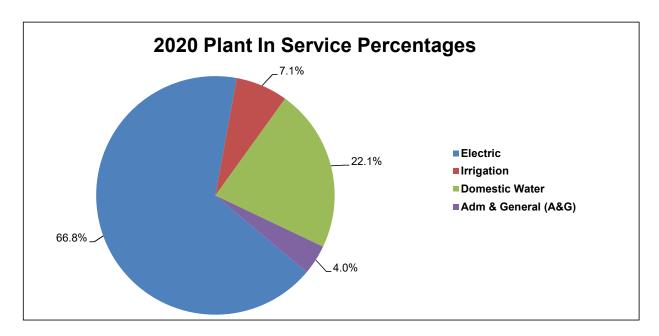
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### **ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS**

#### Utility Plant, net

MID has invested approximately \$701.1 million in utility plant assets net of accumulative depreciation and transferred approximately \$47.4 million of assets from construction in progress to utility plant in service in 2020. This includes \$12.3 million in electric plant in service. It also includes improvements of \$2.8 million in administration and general. The following chart reflects the percentage breakdown of Utility Plant net of depreciation by category as of December 31, 2020.



Utility plant decreased by approximately \$1.8 million in 2020 due to additions to in plant in service of \$47.4 million, and an decrease of \$5.6 million construction work in progress, offset by an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$42.7 million.

Utility plant decreased by approximately \$4.9 million in 2019 due to additions to in plant in service of \$26.2 million, and an increase of \$12.3 million construction work in progress, offset by an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$38.1 million.

#### Other non-current assets and investments

Other non-current assets and investments decreased \$2.1 million in 2020. This decrease is due to scheduled amortization of \$9.0 million related Regulatory costs for future recovery related to pension and post employment benefits partially offset by an increase of \$7.2 million increase in Capital improvement fund.

Other non-current assets and investments increased \$73.8 million in 2019. This increase is due to an increase of \$28.4 million in Cash and investments - restricted related to the issuance of the 2019 bonds. There was also an increase of \$34.6 million in Investments - unrestricted based on a combination of changes in the District's portfolio between long-term investments and Cash and investments - unrestricted in current assets, and an increase of \$6.9 million in the Capital improvement fund.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### Current assets

Current assets increased by approximately \$11.2 million in 2020. The increase is primarily due to an increase in Customer accounts receivable of \$8.2 million or 30.3%. This increase is due to the State placing a moratorium on disconnections due to non-payment during the COVID-19 pandemic. There were also small increases of \$1.0 million in Materials and supplies and Prepayments when comparing 2020 to 2019.

Current assets decreased by approximately \$53.3 million in 2019. The decrease is based on a combination of changes in the District's portfolio between long-term Investments - unrestricted and current Cash and investments - unrestricted. Current assets for Cash and investments - unrestricted decreased \$48.7 million over prior year, and a decrease in Materials and supplies of \$1.2 million. Other current assets also decreased by \$1.3 million due to collections on miscellaneous receivables throughout the year.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

In 2020 deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$50.1 million. The decrease is primarily due to a decrease of \$49.2 million in Deferred outflows related to pension due to a large contribution being recognized in 2020, a decrease of \$4.9 million in Deferred outflows related to OPEB, partially offset by an increase in Deferred cash flow hedges of approximately \$4.9 million, partially offset by a decrease in Unamortized loss on advanced refunding of \$0.9 million due to scheduled amortization during the current year.

In 2019 deferred outflows of resources increased by \$89.9 million. The change is due to a \$84.0 million increase in Deferred outflows related to pension, an increase of \$1.6 million in Deferred outflows related to OPEB, an increase in Deferred cash flow hedges of approximately \$5.3 million, partially offset by a decrease in Unamortized loss on advanced refunding of \$1.0 million due to scheduled amortization during the current year.

#### **LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION**

#### Long-term debt

Long-term debt decreased by \$44.8 million in 2020 due to the refunding of the 2010A Revenue bonds and the issuance of the 2020 Refunding Revenue Bonds, and scheduled debt service payments.

Long-term debt decreased by \$1.3 million in 2019 due to the refunding of the 2009A COP bonds and the issuance of the 2019 A&B Bonds, offset by scheduled debt service payments.

#### Non-current liabilities

Non-current liabilities decreased by \$92.5 million in 2020. This decrease is primarily due to an decrease in the Net Pension liability of \$64.7 million related to a large cash contribution made to the plan, a decrease of \$19.8 million in Net OPEB liability, and a decrease of \$14.1 million in Equity interest in MSR. This is partially offset by an increase in unamortized premium of \$2.4 million due to the 2020 refunding revenue bonds, partially offset by scheduled amortization.

Non-current liabilities increased by \$12.8 million in 2019. This increase is primarily due to an increase in unamortized premium of \$22.6 million due to the 2019 A&B bond issue offset by scheduled amortization, an increase of \$36.0 million related to the Net pension liability, offset by a decrease of the Net OPEB liability of \$30.2 million and a decrease of \$16.0 million in Equity interest in MSR.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### Current liabilities

Current liabilities increased by \$4.7 million in 2020 due to an increase in Current portion of long-term debt of \$2.3 million and an increase of \$3.1 million in Accounts payable.

Current liabilities decreased by \$2.3 million in 2019 due to a decrease in Current portion of long-term debt of \$1.7 million and small decreases in Interest payable and Accounts payable and other accruals of \$0.6 million.

#### Deferred inflow of resources

Deferred inflow of resources increased by \$18.4 million in 2020 due to an increase in Deferred inflows related to OPEB of \$5.1 million, and an increase of Deferred inflows related to pension of \$14.0 million. This is partially offset by an small decrease of \$0.7 million in Unearned revenue which reflects the difference between the time the District bills the City of Modesto for Domestic Water and when the expense for depreciation is recovered and recorded.

Deferred inflow of resources increased by \$21.4 million in 2019 due to an increase in Deferred inflows related to OPEB of \$25.7 million, partially offset by a decrease of Deferred inflows related to pension of \$7.4 million. This is partially offset by an increase in Unearned revenue which reflects the difference between the time the District bills the City of Modesto for Domestic Water and when the expense for depreciation is recovered and recorded. In 2019 the amount decreased by \$3.0 million.

#### Net position

In 2020, the District's net investment in capital assets increased by \$39.0 million primarily due to investments in fixed assets and scheduled debt service payments of \$37.6 million.

Unrestricted net position increased by approximately \$30.7 million in 2020 due to an increase in Operating revenues of \$5.1 million, and an increase in Capital contributions-Electric of \$6.5 million.

In 2019, the District's net investment in capital assets increased by \$9.0 million primarily due to investments in fixed assets, scheduled debt service payments of \$39.9 million.

Unrestricted net position increased by approximately \$66.0 million in 2019 due to an increase in Operating revenues of \$13.5 million, an increase in Investment and other income of \$5.8 million, and an increase of \$6.1 million in Equity in net income of public power agencies.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### **Operating Revenues**

#### Changes from 2019 to 2020

In 2020, Operating revenue increased by \$5.1 million or approximately 1.2%.

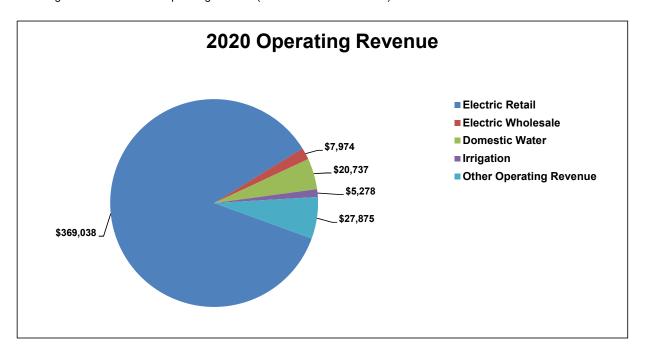
Retail electric revenue increased by \$15.4 million or approximately 4.35%. Retail consumption increased over the prior year.

Wholesale electric revenue decreased by \$9.3 million or approximately 53.9% primarily due to the Lodi Energy Center being offline from January 16 through June 19, 2020.

In 2020, Domestic Water revenue remained relatively flat with a small increase of \$0.8 million or approximately 3.93%.

Other operating revenue decreased by \$1.5 million or 15.4% primarily due to a moratorium being issued by the State on utility disconnections for non-payment.

The following is the District's 2020 operating revenue (dollars are in thousands):



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### **Operating Revenues**

# Changes from 2018 to 2019

In 2019, Operating revenue increased by \$13.5 million or approximately 3.27%.

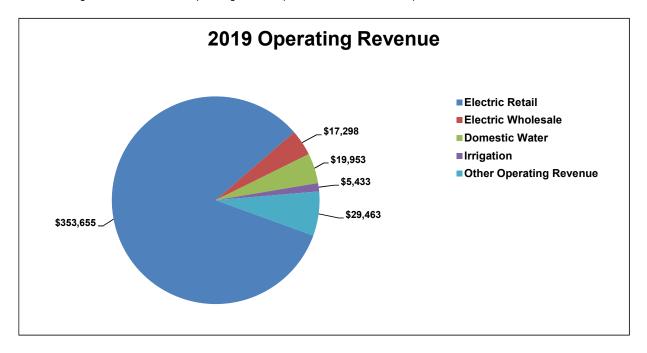
Retail electric revenue increased by \$6.1 million or approximately 1.8%. Retail consumption increased slightly over the prior year.

Wholesale electric revenue increased by \$3.6 million or approximately 26.1% due to an increase in Morgan Stanley revenue of \$6.0 million over prior year, partially offset by a decrease in Lodi Energy Center of \$1.8 million from prior year.

In 2019, Domestic Water revenue decreased by \$1.8 million or approximately 8.32%.

Other operating revenue increased by \$5.5 million or 23% primarily due to an increase of \$6.1 million related to Equity in public power agencies.

The following is the District's 2019 operating revenue (dollars are in thousands):



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### **Operating Expenses**

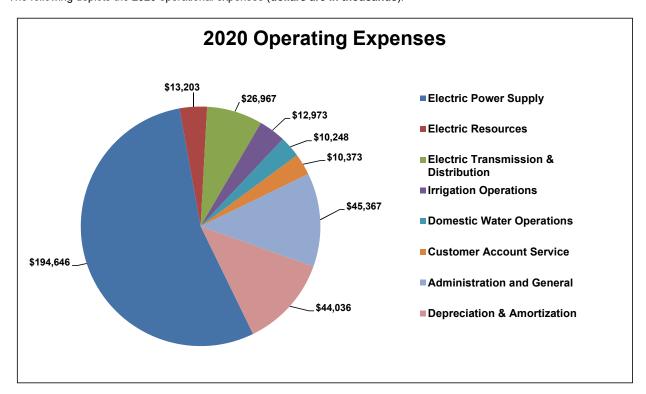
#### Changes from 2019 to 2020

Total operating expenses reflect an increase of approximately \$15.6 million or 4.55% in 2020. The increase is due to increased costs for Purchased power of \$8.5 million, increased costs for Electric transmission and distribution of \$3.6 million related to increased tree trimming costs, and increased costs in Irrigation operations and Administrative and general of \$1.5 million and \$4.3 million respectively.

Purchased power and power generation expenses for 2020 reflect an increase of approximately \$4.9 million or 2.6%. The change is mainly due to an increase in Purchased power costs partially offset by lower natural gas prices. Consumption increased in 2020 when compared to 2019.

Expenses for Domestic Water increased by \$1.1 million or 11.6% when compared to 2019.

The following depicts the 2020 operational expenses (dollars are in thousands):



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### **Operating Expenses**

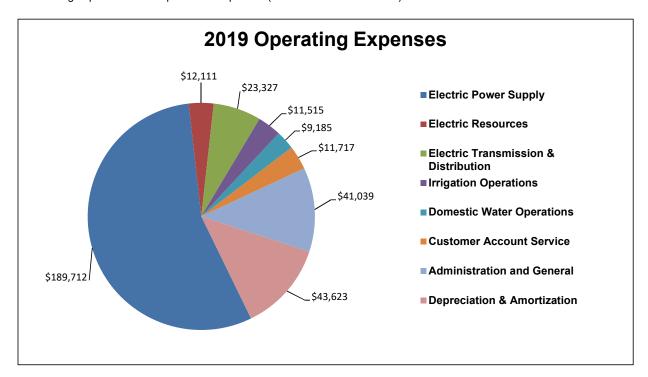
#### Changes from 2018 to 2019

Total operating expenses reflect an increase of approximately \$4.3 million or 1.28% in 2019. The increase is due to increased costs for Purchased power of \$3.2 million, increased costs for Electric transmission and distribution of \$1.4 million, and increased cost of \$1.8 million in Depreciation and amortization. These increased costs are partially offset by decreases in Power generation costs of \$2.4 million and decreased costs of \$1.9 million in Domestic water operations.

Purchased power and power generation expenses for 2019 reflect a slight increase of approximately \$821 thousand or 0.4%. The change is mainly due to an increase in Purchased power costs offset by lower natural gas prices. Consumption was relatively flat in 2019 when compared to 2018.

Expenses for Domestic Water decreased by \$1.9 million or 17.1% when compared to 2018.

The following depicts the 2019 operational expenses (dollars are in thousands):



# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 - Unaudited

#### Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)

#### Investment income

Investment and Other income, net decreased slightly in 2020 by \$0.4 million due to a decrease in interest received on investments and unrealized gains on investments held.

Investment income increased in 2019 by \$5.4 million due to an increase in interest received on investments and unrealized gains on investments held.

#### Interest expense

Interest expense for 2020 decreased \$1.5 million over prior year due to scheduled interest payments.

Interest expense for 2019 decreased \$1.1 million over prior year due to scheduled interest payments.

#### Other non-operating Income, net

Other non-operating income remained relatively flat with a decrease in 2020 by \$0.8 million over the prior year.

Other non-operating income remained relatively flat with a decrease in 2019 by \$0.3 million over the prior year.

### **Contacting the Modesto Irrigation District**

This financial report is designed to provide our customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the Controller's Office at P.O. Box 4060, Modesto, CA 95352.

Balance Sheets
December 31, 2020 and 2019
(In Thousands)

	2020	2019
Assets and Deferred Outflows		
Capital Assets		
Plant in service	\$ 1,427,868	\$ 1,381,357
Less accumulated depreciation	(768,383)	(725,659)
Plant in service, net	659,485	655,698
Construction work in progress	41,584	47,214
Total capital assets	701,069	702,912
Other Assets and Investments		
Cash and investments, restricted	100,206	98,129
Investments, unrestricted	123,411	129,162
Interest receivable, restricted	239	239
Capital improvement fund	20,984	13,729
Regulatory costs for future recovery	174,407	183,448
Equity interest in TANC	11,480	7,503
Other long-term assets	19,942	20,573
Total other assets and investments	450,669	452,783
Current Assets		
Cash and investments, unrestricted	52,047	54,786
Cash and investments, restricted	9,832	7,399
Interest receivable, unrestricted	1,043	1,362
Customer accounts receivable, net	35,170	26,996
Materials and supplies	13,849	12,864
Prepayments	3,190	2,217
Derivative financial instruments maturing within one year	298	59
Other current assets, net	12,335	10,855
Total current assets	127,764	116,538
Total assets	1,279,502	1,272,233
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Deferred cash flow hedges, unrealized loss on derivatives	29,714	24,793
Unamortized loss on refunding	7,239	8,168
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	15,217	20,130
Deferred outflows related to pension	52,234	101,436
Total deferred outflows of resources	104,404	154,527
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$ 1,383,906	\$ 1,426,760

Balance Sheets
December 31, 2020 and 2019
(In Thousands)

	2020	201	2019		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position					
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 530,7	05 \$ 57	5,520		
Unamortized premium	45,4	29 4	3,011		
Unamortized debt discount	(4	11)	(796)		
Net pension liability	51,5	61 11	6,284		
Net OPEB liability	77,4	89 9	7,270		
Other liabilities	9,4	47 1	1,335		
Derivative financial instruments	30,0	21 2	24,851		
Equity interest in M-S-R	1,1	46 1	5,209		
Total noncurrent liabilities	745,3	87 88	32,684		
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable and other accruals	30,8	81 2	27,776		
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Current portion of long-term debt	39,8	05 3	37,550		
Interest payable	9,4	471	0,106		
Total current liabilities	80,1	33 7	5,432		
Total liabilities	825,5	20 95	8,116		
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	33,8	93 2	28,766		
Deferred inflows related to pension	13,9		_		
Unearned revenue	44,2		4,992		
Total deferred inflows of resources	92,1	50 7	73,758		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	192,0	24 15	52,992		
Restricted	1,5		-		
Unrestricted	272,6		1,894		
Total net position	466,2	36 39	94,886		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
and net position	\$ 1,383,9	06 \$ 1,42	26,760		

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

		2020	2019		
Operating Revenues					
Residential, commercial and industrial electric	\$	369,038	\$	353,655	
Wholesale electric	•	7,974	•	17,298	
Domestic water		20,737		19,953	
Irrigation water		5,278		5,433	
Equity in net income of public power agencies		19,690		19,791	
Other operating income, net		8,185		9,672	
Total operating revenues		430,902		425,802	
Operating Expenses					
Purchased power		166,075		157,611	
Power generation		28,571		32,101	
Electric resources		13,203		12,111	
Electric transmission and distribution		26,967		23,327	
Irrigation operations		12,973		11,515	
Domestic water operations		10,248		9,185	
Customer account service		10,373		11,717	
Administrative and general		45,367		41,039	
Depreciation and amortization		44,036		43,623	
Total operating expenses		357,813		342,229	
Operating income		73,089		83,573	
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment income		8,570		10,061	
Interest expense		(29,989)		(31,512)	
Amortization of debt discount		(43)		(81)	
Amortization of premium		7,588		6,739	
Amortization of loss on refunding		(1,676)		(1,923)	
Regulatory amounts collected in rates		(468)		(477)	
Other nonoperating income, net		3,355		4,176	
Total nonoperating expenses		(12,663)		(13,017)	
Change in net position before contributions		60,426		70,556	
Capital Contributions		10,924		4,469	
Change in net position		71,350		75,025	
Net Position, Beginning		394,886		319,861	
Net Position, Ending	\$	466,236	\$	394,886	

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

	2020			2019		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers Receipts from public power agencies Payments to suppliers for goods and services Payments to employees for services	\$	404,854 1,651 (266,815) (48,595)	\$	413,347 1,650 (311,166) (48,432)		
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		91,095		55,399		
Cash Flows From Capital Financing Activities  Net proceeds from issuance of long-term debt obligations Repayment of long-term debt Construction expenditures Interest paid Contributions received for construction  Net cash flows used in capital financing activities		4,170 (37,550) (43,140) (30,648) 10,412 (96,756)		58,723 (39,890) (34,389) (31,835) 2,539 (44,852)		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Investments purchased Investments sold and matured Interest received		(55,791) 61,487 4,763		(18,254) 52,776 6,222		
Net cash flows provided by investing activities		10,459		40,744		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		4,798		51,291		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		120,724		69,433		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	125,522	\$	120,724		
Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Financing and Investing Activities  Noncash contributions by developers	\$	512	\$	1,930		
Amortization	\$	5,401	\$	4,258		
Change in arbitrage liability	\$	(49)	\$	(67)		
Bond proceeds used in refunding debt	\$	(39,930)	\$	(59,070)		
Unrealized gain on investments	\$	4,173	\$	3,969		
Change in valuation of derivative financial instruments	\$	5,517	\$	(4,939)		

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

		2020	2019	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash				
Flows Provided by Operating Activities				
Operating income	\$	73,089	\$	83,573
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash flows	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	00,070
provided by operating activities:				
Other nonoperating income		3,355		4,176
Depreciation and amortization		44,036		43,623
Undistributed income from public power agencies		(19,690)		(19,791)
Distributions from public power agencies		1,651		1,650
Change in operating assets, deferred outflows of resources,		1,001		1,000
liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:				
Customer accounts receivable, net		(8,174)		63
Wholesale power receivables		(0,174)		754
Other current assets, net		(849)		(700)
Materials and supplies		(985)		1,238
Prepayments		(973)		742
Regulatory assets		8,996		772
Accounts payable and other accruals		2,636		(1,506)
Pension related deferrals and liabilities		(15,644)		(55,426)
OPEB related deferrals and liabilities		4,380		(6,041)
Unearned revenue and other liabilities		(733)		3,044
Official fever file and other habilities		(133)	-	3,044
Net cash flows provided by operating activities	\$	91,095	\$	55,399
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents				
to Balance Sheets Accounts				
Cash and investments, unrestricted	\$	52,047	\$	54,786
Cash and investments, restricted		9,832		7,399
Investments, unrestricted		123,411		129,162
Cash and investments, restricted		100,206		98,129
Capital improvement fund		20,984		13,729
Total cash and investments		306,480		303,205
Less noncash equivalents		(180,958)		(182,481)
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	125,522	\$	120,724

Modesto Irrigation District
Statements of Fiduciary Net Position December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

	2020		 2019	
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	668	\$ 1,026	
Receivables Dividends		54	51	
Investments at Fair Value Publicly traded stocks Stable value Mutual funds		48,132 21,172 576,485	33,673 15,593 509,705	
Total assets		646,511	560,048	
Less accrued liabilities		760	 866	
Net position held in trust for retiree benefits	\$	645,751	\$ 559,182	

Modesto Irrigation District
Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

		2020	2019	
Additions				
Additions to (reductions from) net position attributed to:				
Investment income (loss):				
Net appreciation (depreciation) of investments	\$	70,916	\$	76,685
Dividend income	Ψ	10,381	Ψ	9,795
Interest income		10,301		161
Investment expenses		(2,056)		(1,552)
investment expenses		(2,030)		(1,332)
Net investment income (loss)		79,348		85,089
Contributions:				
Employee contributions		3,708		2,335
Employer contributions		35,681		87,979
Other contributions		28		30
Total contributions		39,417		90,344
Total additions (reductions)		118,765		175,433
Deductions				
Deductions from net position attributed to:				
Distributions to plan members and beneficiaries		24,389		26,097
Medical premiums paid		7,511		7,720
Other benefits expense		22		15
Administrative expenses		240		509
Consultant and professional services expenses		34		62
Total deductions		32,196		34,403
Net increase (decrease) in net position held in				
trust for retiree benefits		86,569		141,030
Net Position Held in Trust for Retiree Benefits				
Beginning of year		559,182		418,152
End of year	\$	645,751	\$	559,182

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

# 1. Organization and Description of Business

The Modesto Irrigation District (the District) was formed in 1887 and operates as a nonregulated special district of the State of California. The District provides electric power on an exclusive basis within a 160 square mile service area in Stanislaus County and in the Don Pedro Reservoir area in Tuolumne County. The District also provides electric power in portions of southern San Joaquin County. The District provides irrigation water to an area of California's Central Valley that lies between the Tuolumne and Stanislaus rivers. The District also operates a surface water treatment plant that provides water for the City of Modesto's (the City) domestic water supply.

The District is managed by a Board of Directors. The District's Board of Directors has the authority to fix rates and charges for the District's commodities and services. As a public power utility, the District is not subject to regulation or oversight by the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC). The District may also incur indebtedness including issuing bonds. The District is exempt from payment of federal and state income taxes.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below.

# **Reporting Entity**

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the District, its component unit, the Modesto Irrigation District Financing Authority (the Authority), and the following component units presented as fiduciary activities (collectively referred to as the Plan):

Retirement System Basic Retirement Plan (a pension trust fund) is a single-employer defined benefit plan for all eligible District employees and Directors.

Retirement System Supplemental Retirement Plan (a pension trust fund) is a defined contribution plan and serves as partial or full replacement of social security for participants, depending upon date of employment.

Retiree Medical Benefits Plan (another postemployment benefit trust fund) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan for all eligible retirees and their spouses.

The Authority, a joint power authority composed of the District and the City of Redding, provides financing for public improvements of the District. The District's Board of Directors serves as the Authority's Board, and District employees provide all of the Authority's administrative and management functions. All of the Authority's financial transactions, except the payment of debt service, are transacted with the District. Accordingly, all operations of the Authority are consolidated into the District's financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. The District's accounting records generally follow the Uniform System of Accounts for Public Utilities and Licensees prescribed by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC).

Presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents include all financial instruments with maturity dates of 90 days or less from the date of purchase and all investments in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), and money market mutual funds. LAIF has an equity interest in the State of California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). PMIA funds are on deposit with the State's Centralized Treasury System and are managed in compliance with the California Government Code, according to a statement of investment policy which sets forth permitted investment vehicles, liquidity parameters and maximum maturity of investments. The PMIA cash and investments are recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The District's deposits with LAIF are generally available for withdrawal on demand.

#### **Investments**

Generally, all investments are carried at their fair value, except for guaranteed investment contracts (GICs), which are carried at cost. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note 3. Fair values may have changed significantly after year-end.

#### **Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

The District recognizes an estimate of uncollectible accounts for its customer accounts receivable related to electric service based upon its historical experience with collections. The District has an allowance for doubtful accounts for its electric retail customers of \$3,493 and \$844 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The District's net expense relating to doubtful accounts for all accounts receivable is included in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as an offset to operating revenues. The District recorded bad debt expense of \$2,944 and \$283 at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

# **Materials and Supplies**

Materials and supplies are generally used for construction, operation and maintenance work, and are not for resale. They are valued at the lower of cost or fair value utilizing the average cost method and charged to construction or expense when used.

The balance includes greenhouse gas allowances used for generation of \$1,948 and \$570 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Allowances are valued at the lower of cost or fair value utilizing the average cost method and charged to generation expense when used. Any allowances held for sale are recorded at fair value at year-end. No allowances were held for sale at December 31, 2020 and 2019.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

#### **Restricted Assets**

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified.

#### **Capital Improvement Fund**

The District bills each customer a per kilowatt-hour capital infrastructure surcharge. These funds are segregated to pay for future capital improvements.

# **Prepayments**

The balance represents payments to vendors for costs applicable to future accounting periods.

# **Regulatory Costs for Future Recovery**

As a regulated entity, the District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, which require that the effects of the rate making process be recorded in the financial statements. Accordingly, certain expenses and credits normally reflected in the change in net position as incurred are recognized when included in rates. The District records regulatory assets and credits to reflect rate-making actions of the Board.

The account includes the following components:

- Unamortized debt issuance costs of previously issued bonds of the District. Unamortized debt issuance costs are being amortized over the life of the remaining bonds
- The original unfunded net pension liability under GASB Statement No. 68. The balance is being amortized straight line over 20 years to expense to match the District's funding of the plan.
- The original unfunded net OPEB liability under GASB Statement No. 75. The balance is being amortized straight line over 20 years to expense to match the District's funding of the plan.

		2020		
Unamortized debt issuance costs	\$	3,298	\$	3,342
Initial unfunded pension liability		58,487		61,566
Initial unfunded OPEB liability		112,613		118,540
Ineffective derivative		9		<u> </u>
Total	_ \$	174,407	\$	183,448

#### Other Current and Long-Term Assets

Other current and long-term assets represents miscellaneous receivables and deposits. Included is a receivable from the City of Modesto for a domestic water pipeline project of \$970 and \$1,273 of the 2020 and 2019 balances, respectively. Approximately \$659 and \$972 of the 2020 and 2019 balances, respectively, are not expected to be collected within one year. The balance of other long-term assets is a receivable from Transmission Agency for Northern California (TANC) is discussed in Note 6.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

# **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are generally defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years.

Capital assets are stated at cost or the estimated acquisition value at the time of contribution to the District. Costs and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold or otherwise disposed of are eliminated from the accounts and related gains or losses are considered nonoperating. The costs of replacement are charged to District plant. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to expense in the period incurred.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets, which generally range from twenty to fifty years for electric and domestic water plant assets and ten to one hundred years for irrigation system assets. The estimated useful lives of furniture, fixtures, equipment and other assets range from 5 to 20 years.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that future time.

#### **Accrued Vacation**

Under terms of employment, employees are granted vacation time in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements. Vested vacation pay is accrued when earned in the financial statements. The liability is liquidated from general operating revenues of the District. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District recorded accrued vacation time of \$4,166 and \$3,473, respectively. The liability is included in accounts payable and other accruals in the accompanying balance sheets.

#### Other Liabilities

Other liabilities include customer meter deposits of \$7,241 and \$9,505 at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Other costs in the account include power cost true-ups, potential rate refunds, arbitrage liability and other miscellaneous long-term liabilities.

#### **Asset Retirement Obligations**

The District has identified potential retirement obligations related to certain transmission, distribution and irrigation canal facilities located on properties that do not have perpetual lease rights. The District's nonperpetual leased land rights generally are renewed continuously because the District intends to utilize these facilities indefinitely. Since the timing and extent of any potential asset retirements are unknown, the fair value of any obligations associated with these facilities cannot be reasonably estimated. Accordingly, a liability has not been recorded at December 31, 2020 and 2019 for these assets.

The District accrues costs related to capital assets when an obligation to decommission facilities or other liability is legally required.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

A net pension liability is recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. The liability is the difference between the actuarial total pension liability and the Plan's fiduciary net position as of the measurement date. See Note 9 for additional information.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

# Net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

A net OPEB liability is recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. The net OPEB liability is the difference between the actuarial total OPEB liability and the Plan's fiduciary net position as of the measurement date. See Note 9 for additional information.

# **Long-Term Debt**

Long-term debt and other obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest rate method. Gains or losses on prior refundings are amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. The balance at year-end for premiums and discounts is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the balance sheets. The balance at year-end for the loss on refunding is shown as a deferred outflow of resources in the balance sheets.

# **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Billings to the City in connection with the Domestic Water Project (the Project) in advance of the operation of the facility were recorded as unearned revenues. Annual differences between billings to the City and the District's annual Project costs are charged or credited to unearned revenues. These differences are being amortized over the life of the facility. Accordingly, the District's financial statements reflect Domestic Water operations on a break-even basis, consistent with the operating agreements between the District and the City.

### **Net Position**

GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, requires the classification of net position into three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

**Net Investment in Capital Assets** - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

**Restricted** - this component of net position consists of constraints placed on net asset use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted** - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

# **Revenues and Expenses**

The District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### **Electric and Irrigation Revenues**

Retail and wholesale electric revenues are billed on the basis of monthly cycle bills and are recorded as revenue when the electricity is delivered. The District records an estimate for unbilled revenues earned from the dates its retail customers were last billed to the end of the month. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, unbilled revenues of \$13,502 and \$13,565, respectively, are included in customer accounts receivable in the balance sheets.

Irrigation revenues are recognized when billed based on annual assessments, payable with installment payments due in June and December.

#### **Purchased Power**

The majority of the District's power needs are provided by power purchases. These power purchases are principally made under long-term agreements with the M-S-R Public Power Agency and the Hetch Hetchy System, owned and operated by the City and County of San Francisco. Additionally, the District purchases power from others under various power purchase agreements. Gains or losses on power purchase and sale transactions that are settled without physical delivery are recorded as net additions or reductions to purchased power expense.

# **Capital Contributions**

Cash and capital assets are contributed to the District from customers and external parties. The value of property contributed to the District is reported as capital contributions on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

#### **Comparative Data**

Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current Period Financial Statements

GASB has approved GASB Statements No. 87, Leases, Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements and Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84 and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

#### 3. Cash and Investments

The District's investment policies are governed by the California Government Codes and its bond indenture, which restricts the District's investment securities to obligations which are unconditionally guaranteed by the United States (U.S.) government or its agencies or instrumentalities; direct and general obligations of the State of California (State) or any local agency within the State; bankers' acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit; time certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; reverse repurchase agreements or securities lending agreements; medium-term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest; mortgage pass-through securities; financial futures and financial option contracts; and deposits with the LAIF. Investments in LAIF are unregistered, pooled funds. LAIF is a component of the Pooled Money Investment Account Portfolio managed by the State Treasurer, in accordance with Government Code Sections 16430 and 16480. The fair value of the District's investments in LAIF approximates the value of its pool shares.

The District's investment policy includes restrictions for investments relating to maximum amounts invested as a percentage of total portfolio and with a single issuer, maximum maturities and minimum credit ratings.

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts), \$250 for interest bearing demand deposit accounts (interest bearing and noninterest bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

The District maintains a rate stabilization fund to protect District customers from extreme rate increases that would otherwise be necessitated by dramatic short-term changes in purchased power or other operating costs. Annual transfers into and out of the fund are determined by the District's Board of Directors (Board), which may utilize these unrestricted funds for any lawful purposes. The rate stabilization fund consists of an undivided portion of the District's general operating funds. No transfers occurred during fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

The Plan's investment policies are governed primarily by the "Prudent Person Rule" which restricts the Plan's investments to only those securities which would be selected by a person of prudence, diligence and intelligence in the management of his or her own affairs, giving due consideration to safety or principal and income. The Plan, under the guidelines of its investment policies, is authorized to invest its cash in various financial instruments, including cash and equivalents, domestic equities, international equities, convertible securities, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, financial futures, financial option contracts, medium term notes, corporate bonds, shares issued by diversified management companies, hedge funds and deposits with the LAIF.

The Plan's investment policy and guidelines are established by and may be amended by the District's Retirement Committee (the Committee) and the District's Board of Directors. The Committee is responsible for overseeing the investment management of the Plan. This includes, but is not limited to, reviewing and evaluating investment activities regularly to assure that the Plan's investment policy and guidelines are followed.

The Plan's investment policy includes restrictions for investments related to maximum amounts invested as a percentage of total portfolios, with a single issuer, and within market sectors and styles, minimum market capitalization, maximum maturities and minimum credit ratings.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

Total

# District Cash and Investments (Exclusive of the Fiduciary Activities)

The following disclosures relate to the District, exclusive of the fiduciary activities.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset (liability). Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements include the following:

- Institutional bond quotes for U.S. government agency securities, corporate medium term notes and U.S. Treasury notes.
- Trader-entered price information for money market mutual funds.
- JJ Kenny municipal information for municipal bonds.
- Bloomberg pricing of similar assets for its interest rate swap.
- Market information from NYMEX for its natural gas swaps and futures.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the District's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2020 and 2019:

				December	r 31, 2020			
Investment Type		Level 1	L	_evel 2	Lev	rel 3		Total
U.S. government agencies	\$	_	\$	62,040	\$	_	\$	62,040
U.S. Treasury notes		68,394		-		-		68,394
Money market funds		81,428		-		-		81,428
Corporate medium terms notes		-		28,685		-		28,685
Municipal bonds		-		1,949		-		1,949
Derivative financial instruments		299		(30,021)				(29,722)
Total	\$	150,120	\$	62,653	\$		\$	212,774
				Decembe	r 31, 2019			
Investment Type		Level 1		_evel 2	Lev	el 3		Total
U.S. government agencies	\$		\$	27,037	\$		\$	27,037
U.S. Treasury notes	Ψ	101,318	Ψ	21,001	Ψ	_	Ψ	101,318
Money market funds		77,199		_		_		77,199
Corporate medium terms notes		77,100		32,661		_		32,661
Municipal bonds		_		1,574		_		1,574
Derivative financial instruments		(25)		(24.767)		_		(24.792)

\$

36,505

\$

214,997

178,492

\$

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

# **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, none of the District's bank balances are known to be individually exposed to custodial credit risk.

The District's investment policy does not address this risk.

#### Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	 2020	2019		
Neither insured nor registered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agency in the District's name:				
U.S. agencies implicitly guaranteed	\$ 62,040	\$	27,037	
Corporate medium term notes	28,685		32,661	
Municipal bonds	1,949		1,574	
U.S. Treasury	68,394		101,318	
Total	\$ 161,068	\$	162,590	

The District's investment policy addresses this risk. All securities owned by the District shall be held in safekeeping by a third party custodian, acting as agent for the District under the terms of a custody agreement.

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District's investments were rated as follows:

	Standard	l & Poors
Investment Type	2020	2019
LAIF	NR	NR
Money market mutual funds	NR	NR
U.S. agencies implicitly guaranteed	AA+	AA+
Corporate medium term notes	AA+ - A-	AA+ - A-
Investment agreement contracts	NR	NR
Municipal bonds	NR	NR

The District's investment policy addresses this risk. The District limits investments to those allowed by Sections 53601 of the California Government code that address the risk allowable for each investment.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District's investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

	Percentage of	Percentage of Portfolio			
Investment Type	2020	2019			
Fannie Mae	14%	8%			
Freddie Mac	6%	_			

The District's investment policy addresses this risk and places limits on the amounts invested in specific types of investments.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2020, the District's investments exposed to interest rate risk were as follows:

			Invest	ment I	Maturities in `	'ears		
Investment Type	Fair Value		Less Than 1 Year		1-5 Years	Greater Than 5 Years		
U.S. government agencies	\$	62,040	\$ 2,720	\$	59,320	\$	_	
Corporate medium term notes		28,685	2,750		25,935		-	
LAIF		18,356	18,356		-		-	
Money market fund		81,428	81,428		-		-	
Municipal bonds		1,949	-		1,949		-	
U.S. Treasury notes		68,394	 2,336		66,058			
Total	\$	260,852	\$ 107,590	\$	153,262	\$		

As of December 31, 2019, the District's investments exposed to interest rate risk were as follows:

			<b>Investment Maturities in Years</b>						
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value		ss Than I Year		1-5 Years	Grea Than 5		
U.S. government agencies	\$	27,037	\$	-	\$	27,037	\$	-	
Corporate medium term notes		32,661		10,919		21,742		-	
LAIF		11,133		11,133		-		-	
Money market fund		77,199		77,199		-		-	
Municipal bonds		1,574		-		1,574		-	
U.S. Treasury notes		101,318				101,318			
Total	\$	250,922	\$	99,251	\$	151,671	\$		

Though the District has restrictions as to the maturities of some of the investments, it does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increases in interest rates.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

# **Fiduciary Activities Investments**

The following disclosures relate to the District's Fiduciary Activities.

The Plans categorize its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques maximize the use of relevant observables and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements include the following:

Publicly traded stocks are valued at the most recent closing price reported on the market on which individual securities are traded.

Mutual funds are valued at the daily closing price as reported by the fund. Mutual funds held by the Plan are open-end mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These funds are required to publish their daily net asset value (NAV) and to transact at that price. The level 2 and level 3 mutual funds are valued based on a manual method using pricing provided by various sources such as the issuer, investment manager, fund accountant, etc. or default price if a price is not provided.

Stable Value Fund is a collective fund that seeks to maintain a stable net asset value. It invests primarily in a diversified portfolio of fixed income securities from U.S. and foreign issuers, including corporate, mortgage-backed, and government, and agency bonds.

The preceding methods may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the Plan believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Plan's assets at fair value as of December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	2020									
Investment Type	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total			
Money market funds Publicly traded stocks Mutual funds	\$	637 41,066 489,689	\$	7,066 45,435	\$	- - 41,361	\$	637 48,132 576,485		
Total	\$	531,392	\$	52,501	\$	41,361		625,254		
Investments measured at the net asset value: Stable Value Fund								21,172		
Total investments							\$	646,426		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

	2019									
Investment Type  Money market funds Publicly traded stocks Mutual funds	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total			
	\$	1,018 27,109 447,493	\$	6,564 35,605	\$	- - 26,607	\$	1,018 33,673 509,705		
Total	\$	475,620	\$	42,169	\$	26,607		544,396		
Investments measured at the net asset value: Stable Value Fund								15,593		
Total investments							\$	559,989		

**Investments Measured Using NAV**: These funds have no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily - bi-annually, and the redemption notice period ranges from 0 - 92 days.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

This is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty to a transaction, the Plan's deposits may not be returned or the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Plan's investment policy does not address this risk.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, none of the Basic, Supplemental or Retiree Medical Plan's deposits are known to be individually exposed to custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Basic Plan's investments were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	 2020	2019
Neither insured nor registered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agency in the District's name:		
Publicly traded stocks	\$ 48,132	\$ 33,673

The Supplemental Retirement and Retiree Medical Benefit Plan's investments were not exposed to custodial credit risk in 2020 and 2019.

The Plan's investment policy does not address this risk.

#### Credit Risk

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Plan's investments were rated as follows:

	Standard	l & Poors
Investment Type	2020	2019
Money market funds	NR	NR

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

In addition, the Plans had investments in mutual funds, bond funds rated as follows:

	 2020		2019	
M : 0: 5 !!				
Morning Star Rating:				
3	\$ 18,420	\$	9,673	
4	165,760		103,155	
5	27,204		99,261	
Not Rated	64,391		60,579	

To mitigate the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the owner of the investment, the Plan limits investments in certain securities to those that met or exceed certain minimum credit ratings established by nationally recognized rating agencies. Commercial paper must be rated at a minimum of A-1 and P-1 by Standard & Poor's and Moody's, respectively. Bankers acceptances and certificates of deposit must have been purchased from larger well-capitalized banks with a minimum of an A rating from one of the major rating agencies. Banker's acceptances must also be eligible for both purchases and discount by the Federal Reserve Bank. The pooled fund investments with LAIF are not rated. Noninvestment Grade securities may be purchased up to a maximum of 20 percent of the portfolio value.

# Interest Rate Risk

As of December 31, 2020, the Plan's investments exposed to interest rate risk were as follows:

			Investment Maturities in Years						
Investment Type	Fa	Fair Value		Less Than 1 Year		1-5 Years		ater Years	
Money market funds Stable Value Fund Mutual funds	\$	637 21,172 275,776	\$	637 21,172 275,776	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	
Total	\$	297,585	\$	297,585	\$		\$	_	

As of December 31, 2019, the Plan's investments exposed to interest rate risk were as follows:

			Investment Maturities in Years						
Investment Type	Fa	air Value		ess Than 1 Year	1- Yea	_	Gre Than 5		
Money market funds Stable Value Fund Mutual funds	\$	1,018 15,593 272,668	\$	1,018 15,593 272,668	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	
Total	\$	289,279	\$	289,279	\$		\$		

The Plan has restrictions as to the maturities of some of the investments and has a formal policy that allocates investments to manage its exposure to fair value losses arising from increases in interest rates.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

# **Foreign Currency Risk**

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit denominated in a foreign currency. The Plan had investments in publicly traded stock of \$7,030 and \$5,809, which were exposed to foreign currency risk at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The Plan investments in international equity open-ended mutual funds stated at fair value as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 were:

	2020			2019		
PIMCO Real Return Fund Class	\$	11,192	\$	8,716		
Prudential Core Bond Fund		-		35,606		
Ivy International Core Equity Fund		293		248		
Blackrock Core Bond Portfolio Class K		-		35,080		
Met West Total Return Bond Fund Class I		32,230		26,682		
Brandes International Equity Fund		44,271		29,073		
State Street Institutional Premier Growth Fund		-		35,553		
Prudential Total Return Fund		2,100		9,294		
Dodge & Cox Stock Fund		-		7,243		
BNY International Stock Fund		40,597		31,048		
Goldman Sachs Emerging Equity Fund		13,810		9,101		
Hartford Schroders Emerging Equity Fund		11,564		9,044		
Total	\$	156,057	\$	236,688		

The Plan has restrictions relating to maximum amounts invested in certain non U.S. investments, as a percentage of total portfolio, and with a single issuer. The Plan has a formal policy that allocates investments to manage its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in currency exchange rates.

#### 4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the District's debt, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheets because their use is limited. The following accounts are reported as restricted assets

	2020		2019	
Restricted accounts:				
Project Fund	\$	50,620	\$	50,362
Reserve Fund		48,632		46,831
Redemption Fund		9,827		7,399
Domestic Water and Reserve Contingency Fund		953		936
Total restricted accounts	\$	110,032	\$	105,528

### **Debt Related Accounts**

**Redemption** - Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next 12 months.

**Reserve** - Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

**Project** - Used to report debt proceeds restricted for use in construction.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### **Domestic Water Reserve and Contingency**

As a condition of the Treatment and Delivery Agreement with the City of Modesto for domestic water, the District has established an account for the payment of emergency maintenance items that arise.

### **Remediation Fund**

As a condition of the Natural Gas and Supply Agreement with the M-S-R Energy Authority, the District has established a fund to track proceeds received from the sale of gas delivered per the supply agreement. These proceeds will be used for future gas supply needs. There was no balance in this account as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

### 5. Changes in Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for 2020 follows:

	Balance anuary 1, 2020	lr	Increases		ecreases	Balance cember 31, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: Land and land rights Intangibles assets, not being	\$ 35,002	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 35,002
depreciated/amortized	 5,367					 5,367
Total capital assets not being depreciated/						
amortized	 40,369					 40,369
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized: Intangible assets, being						
depreciated/amortized	45,267		-		- (2.2-)	45,267
Electric system	938,785		12,810		(397)	951,198
Domestic water plant Irrigation system	217,272 55,470		377 11,574		-	217,649 67,044
General and administrative	55,470		11,574		-	67,044
facilities	83,139		2,840		(962)	85,017
Completed construction not classified	 1,055		20,269		<u>-</u>	 21,324
Total capital assets being depreciated/						
amortized	 1,340,988		47,870		(1,359)	 1,387,499
Total capital assets	1,381,357		47,870		(1,359)	1,427,868
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	(725,659)		(44,036)		1,312	(768.383)
Construction in progress	 47,214		41,725		(47,355)	 41,584
Net capital assets	\$ 702,912	\$	45,559	\$	(47,402)	\$ 701,069

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

A summary of changes in capital assets for 2019 follows:

	Balance anuary 1, 2019	Increases Decreases			Balance ecember 31, 2019		
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized: Land and land rights Intangibles assets, not being depreciated/amortized	\$ 35,002 5,367	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$ 35,002 5,367	
Total capital assets not being depreciated/ amortized	 40,369		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	40,369	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized: Intangible assets, being depreciated/amortized Electric system Domestic water plant	45,267 923,595 217,006		- 19,996 266		- 4,806 -	45,267 938,785 217,272	
Irrigation system General and administrative facilities Completed construction not classified	 54,764 79,365 -		706 4,506 1,055		732	 55,470 83,139 1,055	
Total capital assets being depreciated/ amortized Total capital assets	 1,319,997 1,360,366		26,529 26,529		5,538 5,538	 1,340,988 1,381,357	
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	(687,511)		(43,623)		5,475	(725,659)	
Construction in progress  Net capital assets	\$ 34,946 707,801	\$	38,463 21,369	\$	26,195 26,258	\$ 47,214 702,912	

### 6. Investment in Public Power Agencies

The District's investments in public power agencies are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and consist of the following at December 31, 2020 and 2019:

	 2020	 2019
M-S-R Public Power Agency	\$ (1,146)	\$ (15,209)
Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC)	\$ 11,480	\$ 7,503

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### M-S-R Public Power Agency

The District, the City of Santa Clara and the City of Redding formed M-S-R Public Power Agency (Agency) for the principal purpose of acquiring electric power resources for the electric systems of its members. The District owns a 50 percent interest in generation assets owned by the Agency. The District's deficit investment derives from its proportionate interest in the Agency's deficit and the District's commitment to repay its share of the Agency's debt, among other costs and obligations, through its take-or-pay commitment. The District is liable for its proportionate share of the Agency's long-term debt and asset retirement obligations related to the San Juan Project. The Agency divested its interest in the San Juan Plant, a 507-megawatt (MW) unit of a coal-fired electricity generating plant located in New Mexico, as of December 31, 2017. In 2006, the Agency entered into agreements with Iberdrola Renewables, Inc., to purchase renewable energy from the Big Horn wind project. The District's share of the Big Horn output is 12.5 percent and is obligated to make payments commensurate with its share of the project.

During 2020 and 2019, the District incurred purchased power costs of \$32,680 and \$29,297, respectively, in connection with these Agency resources. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had a payable of \$2,421 and \$1,692, respectively, to the Agency for its proportionate share of project related expenditures.

Summarized financial information of the Agency is as follows at December 31:

	2020			2019		
Total assets Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	79,865 603	\$	78,933 1,387		
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	80,468	\$	80,320		
Total liabilities Total net position	\$	82,761 (2,293)	\$	110,739 (30,419)		
Total liabilities and net position	\$	80,468	\$	80,320		
Changes in net position during the year	\$	28,126	\$	25,781		

The long-term debt of the Agency, which totals \$51,595 and \$75,795 at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, is secured by a pledge and assignment of the net electric revenues of the Agency and are supported by take-or-pay commitments, which are an operating expense of the Participant's electric system. The District's portion of the Agency's principal and interest payments during the year were \$13,874 and \$13,874 for December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### M-S-R Energy Authority

The District, the City of Santa Clara and the City of Redding formed M-S-R Energy Authority (Authority) for the principal purpose to acquire, construct, maintain, operate and finance projects for the benefit of any one or more of the Members. On September 10, 2009, the Authority entered into a series of 30-year prepaid gas contracts with Citigroup Energy, Inc., which are financed by nonrecourse revenue bonds. The Authority also entered into matching Natural Gas Supply Agreements (Supply Agreements) whereby each member is obligated to purchase the natural gas from the Authority at a discount from the Index Price. The Supply Agreements will continue in effect until September 30, 2039, unless terminated earlier due to certain defaults, as set forth therein, or the termination of the matching prepaid gas contract. If the Authority fails on any day to deliver the quantity of natural gas required to be delivered pursuant to a Supply Agreement, the member will have no obligation for any of the natural gas supply that was not delivered as a result of such delivery default.

Billings to the members are designed to provide, over the life of the project, full recovery of costs as defined by the indenture and project contracts, and as prescribed by the Authority. Rates are structured to systematically provide for the current debt service requirements, operating costs and reserves. The net costs to be recovered from future participant billings consist primarily of timing differences related to the debt service requirements included in rates. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, certain income and expense amounts which would be recognized during the current time period are deferred and not included in the determination of income until such costs are recoverable through participant billings. Under the current rate structure, costs are expected to be recovered over the 30-year term of the Natural Gas Supply Agreement.

During 2020 and 2019, the District incurred purchased gas costs of \$4,361 and \$4,697, respectively, in connection with the Authority. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District had a payable of \$547 and \$607, respectively, for purchased gas and project related expenses.

Summarized financial information of the Authority is as follows at December 31:

	2020	2019
Total assets	\$ 901,862	\$ 903,202
Total liabilities Total net position	\$ 901,862	\$ 903,202
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 901,862	\$ 903,202
Changes in net position during the year	\$ 	\$ 

The long-term debt of the Authority totaled \$898,275 and \$899,780 at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Authority began making principals payments in 2019. The District's portion of the Authority's principal and interest payments during 2020 and 2019 were \$13,623 and \$13,751, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### **Transmission Agency of Northern California (TANC)**

TANC is a joint power agency that owns a portion of the California Oregon Transmission Project (COTP), a transmission line between central California and southern Oregon. As of July 1, 2015, through a 25-year lay-off agreement and the termination of a layoff between MID and some of the other TANC members, the District has a 23.5 percent ownership interest in TANC for a net total scheduling entitlement of 320 MW. As a result of the 2015 25-year lay-off agreement, the District assumed the debt payment associated with the acquisition of approximately 25 MW of additional COTP transfer capability. TANC is entitled to approximately 87 percent of the 1,600 MW transmission capacity of the COTP. In addition, the District has a 34 percent share of TANC's transmission entitlement under the South of Tesla transmission agreements with Pacific Gas & Electric Company (PG&E) that provides the District with 102 MW of transmission between Tesla and Midway. The District is responsible for 34 percent of the South of Tesla operating costs. In July 2006, TANC changed the method used to invoice members for transmission costs. TANC began invoicing its members at the monthly TANC Open Access Transmission Tariff (OATT) rate. The OATT rate is charged to the member based on their entitlement share of kWs. During 2020 and 2019, the District incurred transmission costs of \$13,554 and \$11,471, respectively, relating to these projects, which are included in purchased power expense in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District has a receivable from TANC in the amount of \$19,283 and \$19,601, respectively, included in other long-term assets in the accompanying balance sheets. In 2006, the District began selling excess transmission capabilities from the COTP transmission lines through TANC, as agent of the District. The District recognized \$527 and \$1,539 in revenues from transmission sales in the 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Summarized unaudited financial information of TANC is as follows at December 31:

	 2020	2019		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 357,538	\$	346,979	
Total liabilities Total net position	\$ 305,096 52,442	\$	312,470 34,509	
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 357,538	\$	346,979	
Changes in net position for six months ended	\$ 2	\$	7	

The long-term debt of TANC (unaudited), which totals \$196,436 and \$200,632 at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, is collateralized by a pledge and assignment of net revenues of each agency, supported by take-and-pay commitments of the District and the other members. Should other members of these agencies default on their obligations to the agencies, the District would be required to make "step up" payments to cover a portion of the defaulted payments. The District's portion of TANC's principal and interest payments during the year were \$2,003 and \$4,300 for December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. During 2019, TANC defeased debt with cash on hand. The District's share of TANC's defeasance payment was \$4,580.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### **Balancing Authority of Northern California (BANC)**

The District and three other California municipal utilities formed BANC in 2009. One new member joined in 2013. BANC was formed to perform North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) functions that would otherwise be performed by the BANC members or on their behalf.

Summarized financial information of BANC is as follows at December 31:

	 2020	2019		
Total assets	\$ 8,125	\$	6,184	
Total liabilities Total net position	\$ 8,125 <u>-</u>	\$	6,184 <u>-</u>	
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 8,125	\$	6,184	
Changes in net position during the year	\$ 	\$		

### **Modesto Irrigation District Financing Authority**

The Authority is a joint power authority that provides financing for public improvements of the District, and is accounted for as a component unit of the District. The revenues and expenses of the Authority are eliminated upon consolidation with the District. The Authority's summary financial information as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 and for the years then ended is as follows:

	 2020	2019		
Assets: Current assets Other noncurrent assets Debt service installment receivable, less current portion	\$ 13,570 78,294 273,795	\$	14,604 77,246 326,022	
Total assets	365,659		417,872	
Deferred outflows of resources	32,023		26,849	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 397,682	\$	444,721	
Liabilities and net position: Current liabilities Derivative financial instruments Long-term debt, net Other noncurrent liabilities Net position	\$ 13,272 30,284 353,870 256	\$	14,292 24,767 405,454 208	
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 397,682	\$	444,721	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

	2020	2019		
Revenues and expenses: Revenues: Debt service contributions Interest income Other nonoperating income	\$ 13,811 733 1,178	\$	13,097 1,311 1,208	
Total revenues	15,722		15,616	
Interest expense and amortization	 (15,722)		(15,616)	
Change in net position	-		-	
Net position, beginning	 			
Net position, ending	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	
	2020	2019		
Cash flows:  Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities  Net cash provided by investing activities	\$ 306 788	\$	30,094 36,859	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,094		66,953	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	 72,415		5,462	
Cash and cash equivalents, ending	\$ 73,509	\$	72,415	

### 7. Long-Term Debt

The following bonds have been issued:

Date	Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	 Original Amount	utstanding Amount cember 31, 2020
6/26/07	2007F Domestic Water Revenue Bonds	9/1/37	Index Rate	\$ 93,190	\$ 93,190
6/23/10	2010A Taxable Electric System Revenue Bonds	10/1/40	4.78-7.20%	60,325	48,095
6/23/10	2010B Electric System Revenue Bonds	10/1/39	5.00	39,930	-
7/23/11	2011A Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	7/1/26	3.85-5.00	125,380	43,075
8/31/11	2011C Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	7/1/31	4.50-5.00	32,840	32,450
10/25/12	2012A Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	7/1/32	1.00-5.00	90,065	67,275
8/14/13	2013G Domestic Water Refunding Revenue Bonds	09/11/22	2.00-5.00	43,270	11,310
7/15/15	2015A Electric System Revenue Bonds	10/1/40	4.00-5.00	67,690	67,690
7/15/15	2015B Electric System Refunding Revenue Bond	10/1/34	2.00-5.00	30,190	25,650
10/1/16	2016 Electric System Refunding Revenue Bond	10/1/34	2.00-5.00	95,240	54,865
6/20/19	2019A Electric System Revenue Bonds	10/1/39	5.00	47,355	47,355
6/20/19	2019B Electric System Revenue Bonds	10/1/31	5.00	48,495	44,635
8/6/20	2020 Electric System Refunding Revenue Bonds	10/1/32	4.00-5.00	34,920	34,920

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

#### **General Debt Terms**

The net revenue of the District's electric system is pledged for repayment of Certificates of Participation (COPs) and Revenue Bonds. The Domestic Water Revenue Bonds are collateralized by a pledge of payments made by the City of Modesto relating to domestic water services. Interest on certificates and revenue bonds is generally payable semi-annually, except for interest on certain COPs that is payable on the last day of each interest rate reset period.

Interest earnings on tax-exempt bond funds are subject to arbitrage rules of the Internal Revenue Service if interest earnings on the unspent tax-exempt funds are greater than the stated bond yield on the tax-exempt debt. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District has recorded a liability of \$256 and \$208, respectively, for a potential arbitrage rebate to the IRS. Arbitrage rebates are due five years from the issuance date of the tax-exempt debt.

The District's outstanding debt obligations of \$570,510 and \$613,070 on December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, contain event of default and remedies provisions that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable. The District has evaluated the event of default and remedies provisions and in the opinion of Management, the likelihood is remote that these provisions(s) will have a significant effect on the District's financial position or results of operations. The District is in compliance with required bond covenants

### Long-Term Debt Repayment

Revenue bonds debt service requirements to maturity follows:

	P	rincipal	Interest		-	nterest subsidy	Total	
Years ending December 31:								
2021	\$	39,805	\$	27,755	\$	(1,112)	\$	66,448
2022		38,970		25,754		(1,073)		63,651
2023		39,970		23,869		(1,073)		62,766
2024		40,870		21,956		(1,073)		61,753
2025		42,220		19,860		(1,073)		61,007
2026-2030		148,265		76,077		(5,367)		218,975
2031-2035		117,975		43,406		(4,931)		156,450
2035-2040		102,435		14,052		(2,036)		114,451
Total requirements	\$	570,510	\$	252,729	\$	(17,738)	\$	805,501

Pursuant to the requirements of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, as amended, certain automatic reductions were effective March 1, 2013 for qualified bonds including the District's 2010A Series Bonds. The District received a reduced interest subsidy payment during 2020 and 2019 due to budget sequestration by the federal government. In 2020 and 2019, the District recognized \$1,178 and \$1,207, respectively, in revenues for its Build America Bonds, as a component of other nonoperating income, net in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. Federal subsidies for these bonds will be reduced by 5.9 percent through the end of the federal fiscal year (September 30, 2020) or convening U.S. Congressional action, at which time the sequestration rate is subject to change.

The District had outstanding debt obligations totaling \$7,100 and \$10,325 on December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, which were defeased and excluded from the District's long-term debt.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### **Current Refunding**

On August 6, 2020, bonds in the amount of \$34,920 were issued with an average interest rate of 4.46 percent to refund \$39,930 of Series 2010B Revenue Bonds with an average interest rate of 5.00 percent. The net proceeds were used to prepay the outstanding debt service requirements on the old bonds.

The cash flow requirements on the old bonds prior to the current refunding were \$55,874 with refunding receipts of \$281 from 2020 through 2032. The cash flow requirements on the new bonds are \$46,499 with refunding receipts of \$3,749 from 2020 through 2032. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$12,138.

On June 20, 2019, bonds in the amount of \$48,495 were issued with an average interest rate of 5.00 percent to refund \$59,070 of Series 2009A Certificates of Participation Bonds with an average interest rate of 5.62 percent. The net proceeds were used to prepay the outstanding debt service requirements on the old bonds.

The cash flow requirements on the old bonds prior to the current refunding were \$83,054 with refunding receipts of \$3,917 from 2019 through 2031. The cash flow requirements on the new bonds are \$67,915 with refunding receipts of \$3,853 from 2019 through 2031. The advance refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$14,224.

### **Long-Term Obligation Summary**

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended December 31, 2020 is as follows:

		anuary 1, 2020		Additions Reductions		eductions	De	ecember 31, 2020	Due Within One Year	
Domestic Water Revenue Bonds	\$	109.760	\$	_	\$	5.260	\$	104.500	\$	5,515
Revenue bonds	*	503,310	Ψ	34,920	*	72,220	•	466,010	•	34,290
Unamortized debt discount		(796)		, -		(385)		(411)		, -
Unamortized premium		43,011		10,005		7,587		45,429		-
Other liabilities		11,335		604		2,492		9,447		-
Derivative financial instruments		24,792		4,931		-		29,723		(298)
Equity interest in M-S-R		15,209				14,063		1,146		
Total	\$	706,621	\$	50,460	\$	101,237	\$	655,844	\$	39,507

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	 anuary 1, 2019	Additions		s Reductions		December 31, 2019		Due Within One Year	
Domestic Water Revenue								_	
Bonds	\$ 114,765	\$	-	\$	5,005	\$	109,760	\$	5,260
Certificate of Participation	59,070		-		59,070		-		-
Revenue bonds	442,345		95,850		34,885		503,310		32,290
Unamortized debt discount	(1,465)		-		(669)		(796)		-
Unamortized premium	27,113		22,642		6,744		43,011		-
Other liabilities	10,114		1,886		665		11,335		-
Derivative financial instruments	19,493		5,299		-		24,792		(59)
Equity interest in M-S-R	 31,196	_	1,649		17,636		15,209		
Total	\$ 702,631	\$	127,326	\$	123,336	\$	706,621	\$	37,491

In addition to the liabilities above, information on the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability is provided in Note 9.

#### 8. Derivative Instruments

### **Summary of Notional Amounts and Fair Values**

The District enters into contracts to hedge its exposure to power and natural gas prices, and to procure energy supplies. The District also enters into contracts to hedge its exposure to fluctuating interest rates. These contracts are evaluated pursuant to GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*, to determine whether they meet the definition of derivative instruments, and, if so, whether they effectively hedge the expected cash flows associated with interest rate and energy exposures.

The District applies hedge accounting for derivatives that are deemed effective hedges. Under hedge accounting, the increase (decrease) in the fair value of a hedge is reported as a deferred inflow (outflow) on the balance sheets. As of December 31, 2020, \$29,714 of the District's derivatives meet the effectiveness tests. As of December 31, 2019, all of the District's derivatives met the effectiveness test.

For energy derivatives, fair values are estimated by comparing contract prices to forward market prices quoted by third party market participants or provided in relevant industry publications. For interest rate derivatives, the District subscribes to a financial information service that it uses to verify fair value estimates obtained from its counterparties.

The following is a summary of the fair values and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding as of December 31, 2020 (amounts in thousands; gains shown as positive amounts, losses as negative).

(Thousands)	
93,190	
33, 130	
1,675	
240	

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

The following is a summary of the fair values and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding as of December 31, 2019 (amounts in thousands; gains shown as positive amounts, losses as negative).

	2019 Change in Fair Value		Fair Value, End of 2019				Notional	
	Classification	Amount		Classification	Amount		(Thousands)	
Cash Flow Hedges								
Interest rate derivatives:								
Pay-fixed swaps,	Deferred							
interest rate	outflow	\$	(4,939)	Derivative	\$	(24,767)	\$	93,190
Energy derivatives:								
Pay-fixed swaps,	Deferred							
natural gas	outflow		(367)	Derivative		(25)		2,133 mmBtu
Options contracts	Deferred							
	outflow		7	Derivative		-		240 mmBtu

### **Objective and Terms of Hedging Derivative Instruments**

The objectives and terms of the District's hedging derivative instruments that were outstanding at December 31, 2020 and 2019 are summarized in the table below. The table is aggregated by the credit ratings (using the Standard & Poor's scale) of the District's counterparties. For counterparties having multiple ratings, the rating indicating the greatest degree of risk is used.

The interest rate swaps are designed to synthetically fix the cash flows associated with variable rate bonds. The interest rate that the District pays on the 2007F bonds is 67 percent of LIBOR plus a spread. With the interest rate swaps, the District pays the counterparty a fixed rate and receives 67 percent of LIBOR. Netting out the LIBOR-based payments, the District's effective interest rate is the sum of the fixed rate paid to the swap counterparty and the spread.

The District hedges its power and natural gas costs so that it can offer predictable rates to its retail electric customers, stabilize its finances and enhance its credit profile. The District maintains a Risk Management Program (RMP) to control the price, credit and operational risks arising from its power and natural gas market activities. Under the RMP, authorized District personnel assemble a portfolio of swaps, options, futures and forward contracts over time with the goal of making the District's purchased power and fuel budget more predictable.

Туре	Objective	Notional (Thousands)	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Terms	Counterparty Rating
Pay-fixed swaps, interest rate	Hedge cash flows on the 2007F Bonds	\$ 93,190	Jun-07	Sep-37	Pay 4.378- 4.440%; receive 67% of LIBOR	Α-
Option contracts, natural gas	Hedge cash flows on PG&E Citygate gas purchases	240 mmBtu	Dec-20	Oct-21	Collar with \$2.65/mmBtu floor, \$3.00 cap; settle on NYMEX	n/a
Pay-fixed swaps, natural gas	Hedge cash flows on PG&E Citygate gas purchases	1,675 mmBtu	Mar-18	Dec-23	Pay \$2.93- 3.32/mmBtu; receive NGI PG&E Citygate price	Between A- to BBB

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

Objectives and terms of the District's hedging derivative instruments that were outstanding at December 31, 2019 are summarized in the table below:

Туре	Objective	Notional (Thousands)	Effective Date	Maturity Date	Terms	Counterparty Rating
Pay-fixed swaps, interest rate	Hedge cash flows on the 2007F Bonds	\$ 93,190	Jun-07	Sep-37	Pay 4.378- 4.440%; receive 67% of LIBOR	A-
Option contracts, natural gas	Hedge cash flows on PG&E Citygate gas purchases	240 mmBtu	Dec-18	Dec-20	Collar with \$2.00/mmBtu floor, \$2.90 cap; settle on NYMEX	n/a
Pay-fixed swaps, natural gas	Hedge cash flows on PG&E Citygate gas purchases	2,133 mmBtu	Apr-17	Dec-22	Pay \$2.93- 3.32/mmBtu; receive NGI PG&E Citygage price	Between A+ to BBB+

#### **Risks of Derivative Instruments**

#### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to a counterparty defaulting on its obligations. The District seeks to minimize credit risk by transacting with creditworthy counterparties. Interest rate swap counterparties are evaluated at the time of transaction execution. For energy counterparties, the District follows a procedure under its RMP wherein the District will accept more potential credit risk from counterparties having greater amounts of tangible net worth and higher credit ratings. The procedure restricts the District from executing energy hedge transactions with counterparties rated lower than BBB by Standard & Poor's or Fitch rating services, or Baa2 by Moody's.

The District uses industry standard agreements to document derivative transactions. These agreements include netting clauses whereby, if the District and the counterparty owe each other payment, the party owing the greater amount pays the net. The District also uses collateral posting provisions to manage credit risk. These provisions require an out-of-the-money party to post cash, letters of credit, or other pre-agreed liquid securities to the extent that the mark-to-market value of derivative positions with a given counterparty exceeds a threshold value. Thresholds are negotiated individually with counterparties, and the netting provisions include rights to set off against posted collateral.

To avoid concentrations of credit risk, and to avoid the risk of itself having to post large amounts of collateral, the District seeks to spread transactions across counterparties so that, even with an adverse move in the market, the threshold values would likely not be exceeded. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District did not have any collateral posted with its derivative counterparties and did not hold any collateral posted by its counterparties.

The District is exposed to credit risk to the extent that it has net fair value gains on its derivative positions with individual counterparties. If counterparty failed, those value amounts could be lost. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the District was in-the-money with certain of its counterparties.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

#### **Basis Risk**

Basis risk is the risk that arises when a hedged item and a derivative intended to hedge that item are based on different indices. The District is exposed to basis risk when it hedges its natural gas purchases, which are priced at the PG&E Citygate index, with NYMEX futures and options contracts, which settle based on the price in Henry Hub, Louisiana. If the markets diverge such that PG&E Citygate prices increase relative to Henry Hub prices, the District would be negatively affected on the futures and options contracts that mature in 2020.

#### **Termination Risk**

Termination risk is the risk that a derivative will terminate prior to its scheduled maturity due to a contractual event. Contractual events include bankruptcy, illegality, default and mergers in which the successor entity does not meet credit criteria. One aspect of termination risk is that the District would lose the hedging benefit of a derivative that becomes subject to a termination event. Another aspect of termination risk is that, if at the time of termination the mark-to-market value of the derivative was a liability to the District, the District could be required to pay that amount to the counterparty. Termination risk is associated with all of the District's derivatives up to the fair value amounts.

### **Hedged Debt**

Net cash flows for the District's synthetic fixed-rate debt are shown below. These amounts assume that the interest rates of the bonds and the reference rates of the hedging derivative instruments remain at December 31, 2020 levels. These rates will vary and, as they do, interest payments on the variable-rate bonds and net receipts/payments on the interest rate swaps will vary. The table shows only the District's effectively hedged synthetic fixed-rate debt, which is a subset of the District's total debt. As of December 31, 2020, all of the District's variable-rate debt is effectively hedged.

	P	rincipal	In	terest	-	Net vment on rivatives	 Total
Years ending December 31:							
2021	\$	-	\$	724	\$	3,399	\$ 4,123
2022		-		724		3,399	4,123
2023		4,275		716		3,360	8,351
2024		4,455		684		3,203	8,342
2025		4,650		651		3,039	8,340
2026-2030		26,740		2,689		12,455	41,884
2031-2035		33,535		1,524		7,044	42,103
2036-2037		19,535		209		968	 20,712
Total	\$	93,190	\$	7,921	\$	36,867	\$ 137,978

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### 9. Employee Benefit Plans

The District maintains two retirement plans and a retiree medical benefits plan for its eligible employees. The Retirement Committee of the District's Board of Directors oversees the plans. The District has a Human Resources Department that performs plan administrative functions. Plan investments are managed by the District Treasury Department and third-party investment managers. All funds of the plans are separate assets of the retirement plans, and are not assets of the District.

#### **Basic Retirement Plan**

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, effective January 1, 2015. The cumulative effect of the change in net position due to the change in accounting standard, or the initial unfunded liability is shown as a regulatory cost for future recovery on the balance sheet. The District began amortizing its deferred asset into expense over the next 20 years using straight line amortization in 2020.

#### **Plan Description**

The Basic Retirement Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan for eligible employees. All employees who normally work 20 hours per week or more and at least five months per year, except leased employees, employees whose work classification is excluded from coverage under the Plan by a collective bargaining agreement, and individuals employed in work experience and student intern classifications, are eligible. There are three tiers of employees covered. Tier 1 is comprised of Pre-2006 eligible employees. Tier 2 is comprised of Post-2005 eligible employees. Tier 3 is comprised of Post-2012 eligible employees. The Plan provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District issues publicly available stand-alone financial statements and required supplementary information of the Plan that may be obtained by contacting the District. The fiduciary net position reported in these statements has been determined on the same basis as the Plan.

### **Benefits Provided**

Benefits provided for Tier 1 and 2 employees include monthly benefits of 2.75 percent of the final average monthly earnings multiplied by a credited service factor. Tier 3 employees receive a monthly benefit equal to a percentage between 1 percent if retirement occurs at age 52 and 2.5 percent if retirement occurs at age 67 or older multiplied by a credited service factor. For ages 52 through 67, the percentage is between 1 percent and 2.5 percent. Vesting periods are five years for all tiers. Normal retirement age is 60 for Tier 1 and 2 employees with reduced early retirement options at 55 with five years of service. Tier 3 employees may retire at age 52, but cost of living adjustments are only given to employees that retire on or after age 55 with 5 years of service. Final average compensation is calculated based on the highest average monthly earnings during the 36 consecutive months out of the last 120 months for Tier 1 and Tier 2 employees. Tier 3 employee benefits are calculated as the highest average monthly earnings received during the 36 consecutive month's immediately preceding separation of service. Cost of living adjustments are provided for all employees who have been receiving benefits for more than one year excepted as noted above. The cost of living adjustment is based on the increase in the U.S. Labor Department cost of living index, but it may not exceed 4 percent. Tier 3 employees that leave the District's service may withdraw his or her contribution if they are not yet vested. Benefit terms may be amended by the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At the December 31, 2020 and 2019 valuation dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2019	2018
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	439	440
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	53	51
Active employees	471	456
Total	963	947

#### Contributions

The Board of Directors has established, and may amend, the contribution requirements for Plan members and the District set forth in the terms of the Plan. The terms of the Plan empower the Retirement Committee of the District (the Committee) to make, at reasonable intervals, an analysis of the funding requirements of the Plan for the payment of retirement benefits and expenses based on reasonable actuarial assumptions and methods which take into account the experience of the Plan and the reasonable expectations, and on the basis of this analysis, to establish a funding policy for the Plan. The terms of the Plan state that, subject to the Board of Directors' right to suspend or reduce contributions to the Plan at any time, the District shall contribute to the Plan at least once a year the amounts necessary to maintain the Plan on a sound actuarial basis, in a manner consistent with the funding policy established by the Committee.

The funding policy currently established by the Committee requires the District to contribute an amount set forth in the Recommendation Regarding Total Contributions presented in the Plan actuary's Actuarial report. The Required Annual Contributions set forth in the Recommendation regarding total contributions presented in the Actuarial Report are \$12,491 and \$18,261, which were contributed in 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The District was the sole participating employer and contributing entity. Prior to 1989, participants were allowed to make voluntary contributions and prior to 1977, participating contributions were required. The Plan was amended as of January 1, 2013; new member employees are required to contribute an amount equal to one-half of the defined benefits' normal cost through payroll deductions.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The employer's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 for the District's December 31, 2020 and 2019 financial statements, respectively, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020 and January 1, 2019, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	2020	2019
Actuarial valuation date Amortization method	January 1, 2020 20 year amortization method	January 1, 2019 30-year rolling, level-dollar amortization method
Asset valuation method	Smoothed fair market value method with gains and losses recognized over five years	Smoothed fair market value method with gains and losses recognized over three years
Long-term expected rate of return Discount rate Inflation Salary increases	6.90% 6.90% 2.50% 4.00% per year, compounded annually	7.50% 7.50% 2.50% 4.00% per year, compounded annually
Mortality	RP-2000 Blue Collar Generation Mortality Table projected with a 7%% of scale AA	RP-2000 Blue Collar Generation Mortality Table projected with a 7%% of scale AA
Post-retirement adjustments Overtime assumptions	2.50% 4 percent plus 4 to 16% of current salaries for employees who are expected to have significant increase in their final average salaries due to overtime. Overtime assumption of 0% for Post-2005 eligible employees.	2.50% 4 to 16% of current salaries for employees who are expected to have significant increase in their final average salaries due to overtime. Overtime assumption of 0% for Post-2005 eligible employees.

The Plan's investment policy does not establish long-term expected rates of return for each asset class. The target allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Cash	- %
Fixed income and U.S. governmental obligations	25.0
International stocks	15.0
Domestic stocks	45.0
Hedge funds	10.0
Public real estate	5.0
Opportunistic portfolio	-

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rates of 6.90 and 7.50 percent was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed-upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)						
		al Pension Liability (a)		Fiduciary Position (b)	L	Pension iability a) - (b)	
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$	356,431	\$	276,164	\$	80,267	
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and		6,979 26,042		- -		6,979 26,042	
actual experience Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income		1,301 - - -		12,883 572 (14,875)		1,301 (12,883) (572) 14,875	
Benefit pays, including employee refunds Administrative expense Other (benefits payable)		(18,341)		(18,341) (224) (51)		- 224 51	
Net changes		15,981		(20,036)		36,017	
Balance, December 31, 2019		372,412		256,128		116,284	
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and		6,961 27,194		- -		6,961 27,194	
actual experience Changes in assumptions Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income		3,390 27,042 - -		75,862 (31)		3,390 27,042 (75,862) 31	
Ret investment income Benefit pays, including employee refunds Administrative expense Other (benefits payable)		(19,708) - -		53,933 (19,708) (439) (15)		(53,933) - 439 15	
Net changes		44,879		109,602		(64,723)	
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	417,291	\$	365,730	\$	51,561	

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer as of December 31, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate.

	Current							
	1% Decrease (5.90%)		Discount Rate (6.90%)		1% Increase (7.90%)			
Net pension liability, December 31, 2020	\$	103,539	\$	51,561	\$	7,985		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

The following presents the Net Pension Liability of the employer as of December 31, 2019, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the employer's Net Pension Liability would be using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

	Current							
		Decrease (6.50%)		count Rate (7.50%)		Increase 3.50%)		
Net pension liability, December 31, 2019	\$	160,927	\$	116,284	\$	78,663		

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Modesto Irrigation District Retirement System Basic Retirement Plan report.

# Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the employer recognized pension expense of \$21,522 and \$20,385, respectively. The employer reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>			
	Out	ferred flows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings Differences between expected and actual experience Differences in assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*	\$	6,160 22,339 23,735	\$	13,998 - - -
Total	\$	52,234	\$	13,998
		Decembe	r 31, 20	19
	Out	ferred flows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings Differences between expected and actual experience Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*	\$	20,990 4,584 75,862	\$	- - -
Total	\$	101,436	\$	_

<sup>\*</sup> The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date is recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the subsequent year.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending December 31:

2021		\$ 3,012
2022		2,702
2023		6,326
2024		(1,509)
2025		3,970

### Payable to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the employer did not have a payable for any outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required.

The 2020 and 2019 required contributions were determined as part of the January 1, 2020 and January 1, 2019 actuarial valuations, respectively, using the entry age normal cost method. This method seeks to provide a level pattern of cost as a percentage of salary throughout an employee's working lifetime. A level percentage of payroll amortization is used, with an amortization period not to exceed 30 years.

### Supplemental Retirement Plan

Eligible employees of the District also participate in the District's supplemental retirement plan (the Supplemental Plan). The Supplemental Plan is a defined contribution plan and serves as partial or full replacement of social security for participants, depending upon date of employment. Participants are required to contribute 5 percent of their compensation on a pre-tax basis. The District wholly matches the contributions. Participants become fully vested in the District's portion of their account after six months of employment. Covered payroll of Participants is the same as under the Basic Retirement Plan. Participants have a selection of investment options offered under the Plan. The District made contributions to the Supplemental Plan of \$2,406 and \$2,335 for 2020 and 2019, respectively. The District issues publicly available stand-alone financial statements and required supplementary information of the Plan that may be obtained by contacting the District.

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The Modesto Irrigation District (the District) Deferred Compensation Plan (the Plan) was established effective as of January 1, 1980 to provide retirement income and other deferred benefits to the Employees of the District and their Beneficiaries. The District intends to maintain the Plan as an eligible deferred compensation plan within the meaning of section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Plan is established and shall be maintained for the exclusive benefit of Participants and their Beneficiaries. The District does not provide contributions to the Plan. The Plan is participantdirected and available to all District employees, which permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Plan participants are ultimately responsible for their investment decisions, therefore the Retirement Committee intends to provide a broad spectrum of investment options to allow plan participants to construct diversified portfolios designed to meet their own time horizons and risk and return objectives ranging from conservative (with an emphasis on capital preservation) to aggressive (with an emphasis on higher long-term growth potential). The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All assets of the Plan shall be held and invested in the Trust Fund in accordance with the Plan and the Trust Agreement. The Plan is managed by a third-party administrator. Plan assets were \$49,186 and \$42,952 at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

#### **Health Care Benefits**

The District implement GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective January 1, 2019. The cumulative effect of the change in net position due to the change in accounting standard, or the initial unfunded liability is shown as a regulatory cost for future recovery on the balance sheets. The District began amortizing its deferred asset into expense over the next 20 years using straight line amortization in 2020.

#### **Plan Description**

The Retiree Medical Program is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The District provides health care benefits, in accordance with District policy, to qualified retirees and their spouses. The qualification requirements for these benefits are similar to those under the District's retirement plans. The following description of the District Retiree Medical Program (Retiree Medical Plan) provides only general information. Participants should refer to the Retiree Medical Plan agreement for a more complete description of the Retiree Medical Plan's provisions.

The Retiree Medical Plan is governed by ten committee members. The ten member committee consist of: two District Board of Directors, the General Manager of the District, an employee who serves as chief financial officer of the District, an employee who serves as chief human resources manager of the District, the general counsel of the District, an employee employed in the Utility Services and Maintenance bargaining unit, an employee employed in the Administrative, Technical and Clerical bargaining unit, an employee employed in the Professional and Supervisory bargaining unit, and an employee employed in the Modesto Irrigation District Employees Association bargaining unit.

Plan provisions and contribution requirements were established by and may be amended by the District's Board of Directors.

### Plan Membership

At the December 31, 2019 and 2018 valuation dates, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	2019	2018
Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	382	385
Active and disabled plan members	433	435
Total	815	820

#### **Benefits Provided**

The District contributes the full cost of coverage for employees who retired before 1992; employees who retire in 1992 and thereafter pay a portion of the monthly premium for eligible dependent coverage; and the District pays the remainder of the cost of the plan. Covered retirees are also responsible for personal deductibles and co-payments. The District pays for post-retirement dental and vision care for retirees only to age 65. Section 5.03 of the Retiree Medical Plan Agreement grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Retirement Committee.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

#### **Contributions**

Section 5.03 of the Retiree Medical Plan Agreement grants the authority to establish and amend the contribution requirements of the District and Retiree Medical Plan members to the Retirement Committee. The Retiree Medical Plan Agreement directs the District to make contributions based on an actuarially determined rate. The District reserves the right to suspend or reduce the contributions otherwise payable to the Retiree Medical Plan by the District. The District's average contribution rate was 4.77 percent and 5.76 percent of covered-employee payroll, for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan.

### **Net OPEB Liability**

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2019 and 2018 for the District's December 31, 2020 and 2019 financial statements, respectively, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability was determined, using the following actuarial assumptions:

	2020	2019
Actuarial valuation date Amortization method	January 1, 2019 Level percentage of payroll, open	January 1, 2018 Level percentage of payroll, open
Asset valuation method	Smoothed fair market value method with gains and losses recognized over three years	Smoothed fair market value method with gains and losses recognized over three years
Long-term expected rate of return	6.90%	7.50%
Discount rate	4.80%	4.62%
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Salary increases Mortality	4.00% per year RP-2000 Blue Collar Generation Mortality Table	4.00% per year RP-2000 Blue Collar Generation Mortality Table
Post-retirement adjustments Healthcare cost trend rates	decreasing to 25 percent at age 63 and increasing to 100 percent at 65 2.50% 5.0% for 2020, decreasing 0.5 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2021 and later years.	decreasing to 25 percent at age 63 and increasing to 100 percent at 65 2.50% 5.5% for 2019, decreasing 0.5 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5% for 2021 and later years.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2012.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The total return should exceed the Retiree Medical Plan's actuarial assumption of 6.9 percent. The Retiree Medical Plan's investment policy does not establish long-term expected rates of return for each asset class. The following is the Board's adopted asset allocation policy:

Asset Class	Target _Allocation
Cash	- %
Fixed Income and U.S. governmental obligations	25.0
International stocks	15.0
Domestic stocks	45.0
Hedge funds	10.0
Public real estate	5.0
Opportunistic portfolio	-

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.80 percent and 4.62 percent for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position will not be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a blended rate was used based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments and the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index was used to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

## **Changes in the Net OPEB Liability**

	Increase (Decrease)					
				Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		et OPEB liability (a) - (b)
Balance, December 31, 2018	\$	179,652	\$	52,180	\$	127,472
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		5,041		_		5,041
Interest		6,053		_		6,053
Difference between expected and		0,000				0,000
actual experience		(599)		_		(599)
Changes in assumptions		(33,732)		_		(33,732)
Contributions, employer		(00,702)		9,870		(9,870)
Contributions, employee		_		26		(26)
Net investment income		_		(2,856)		2,856
Benefit payments		(7,469)		(7,469)		2,000
Administrative expense		(7,100)		(75)		75
·			-	( -7		
Net changes		(30,706)		(504)		(30,202)
Balance, December 31, 2019		148,946		51,676		97,270
Changes for the year:						
Service cost		3,402		_		3,402
Interest		6,705		_		6,705
Difference between expected and		2,1 22				-,
actual experience		(3,042)		_		(3,042)
Changes in assumptions		(6,169)		_		(6,169)
Contributions, employer		-		9,782		(9,782)
Contributions, employee		_		31		(31)
Net investment income		_		10,934		(10,934)
Benefit payments		(7,720)		(7,720)		
Administrative expense				(70)		70
Net changes		(6,824)		12,957		(19,781)
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$	142,122	\$	64,633	\$	77,489

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate.

The sensitivity analysis as of December 31, 2020 follows:

			Discount Rate		% Increase (5.80%)	
Net OPEB liability	\$	96,222	\$	77,489	\$	62,146
The sensitivity analysis as of December 3	31, 201	9 follows:				
		Decrease 3.62%)	Disc	urrent ount Rate 1.62%)		Increase 5.62%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	117,601	\$	97,270	\$	80,733

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

The sensitivity analysis as of December 31, 2020 follows:

	(4 Decr	Decrease 4.00% easing to .50%)	Trei (! Decr	ncare Cost nd Rates 5.00% easing to .50%)	(Decr	Increase 6.00% reasing to 5.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	60,847	\$	77,489	\$	97,976
The sensitivity analysis as of December 31, 2019 follows:						
	(4 Decr	Decrease 4.50% easing to .50%)	Trer (! Decr	ncare Cost nd Rates 5.50% easing to .50%)	(Decr	Increase 6.50% reasing to 5.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	79,373	\$	97,270	\$	119,446

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

# **OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB**

The District recognized OPEB expense of \$(202) and \$3,740 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

At December 31, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	eferred flows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$	2,957
Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		5,677		27,974
OPEB plan investments		_		2,962
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		9,540		
Total	\$	15,217	\$	33,893

At December 31, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Outf	ferred lows of ources	Inf	eferred lows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$	- 7,187	\$	502 28,264
OPEB plan investments		3,161		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date*		9,782		
Total	\$	20,130	\$	28,766

<sup>\*</sup> The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date is recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability in the subsequent year.

Deferred outflows resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date is recognized as a reduction in the net OPEB liability in the subsequent year. Remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<b>Years</b>	ending	Decem	her	31.
ı caıs	CHUILIU	Decelli	וסט	υı.

\$ (6,318)
(6,318)
(5,558)
(7,281)
(2,429)
(312)
\$

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### Payable to the OPEB Plan

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the employer did not have a payable for any outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required.

#### 10. Retiree Medical Plan

The following disclosures relate to the Retiree Medical Plan fiduciary activities as required by GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*. Plan information related to December 31, 2019 is included in Note 9 with regard to the December 31, 2020 net OPEB liability, unless otherwise stated below.

### Plan Membership

At December 31, 2020, Retiree Medical Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	\$ 383
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefit	
payments	-
Active and disabled plan members	 421
Total	\$ 804

### **Investment Policy**

The Retiree Medical Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Retirement Committee. It is the policy of the Retirement Committee to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Retiree Medical Plan's investment policy includes restrictions for investments related to maximum amounts invested as a percentage of total portfolio, with a single issuer, and within market sectors and styles, minimum market capitalization, maximum maturities, and minimum credit ratings. See the target investment mix below. The total return should exceed the Retiree Medical Plan's actuarial assumption of 6.90 percent. The Retiree Medical Plan's investment policy does not establish long-term expected rates of return for each asset class. The following is the Board's adopted asset allocation policy:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Cash	- %
Fixed income and U.S. governmental obligations	25.0
International stocks	15.0
Domestic stocks	45.0
Hedge funds	10.0
Public real estate	5.0
Opportunistic portfolio	-

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

#### Rate of Return

For the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense was 15.16 percent and 20.42 percent, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

### **Net OPEB Liability of the District**

The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at December 31, 2020, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability Retiree Medical Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 119,186 76,710
District's net OEB liability	\$ 42,476
Retiree Medical Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	64.4%

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation: 2.00%

Salary Increases: 4.00%

Investment rate of return: 6.90%

- Healthcare cost trend rates: 5.00% for 2021, decreasing 0.50 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 3.50% for 2041 and later years
- Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Amount weighted mortality with generational projection using Scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2012.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position will not be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, a blended rate was used based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments and the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Index was used to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District for the December 31, 2020 measurement date, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate.

The sensitivity analysis as of December 31, 2020 follows:

		C	urrent			
	 Decrease 5.90%)		ount Rate 6.90%)	1% Increase (7.90%)		
Net OPEB liability	\$ 55,217	\$	42,476	\$	31,713	

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District for the December 31, 2020 measurement date, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

The sensitivity analysis as of December 31, 2020 follows:

	(4 Decr	Decrease 4.00% easing to .50%)	Tre ( Decr	ncare Cost nt Rates 5.00% reasing to 3.50%	( Decr	Increase 6.00% reasing to 5.50%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	29,914	\$	42,476	\$	57,478

### 11. Commitments

The District purchases most of its purchased power from M-S-R (Note 6) and through the following long-term agreements:

### **Other Energy Purchase Commitments**

The District has a number of other power and natural gas purchase agreements with various entities, which provide for power and fuel deliveries, under various terms and conditions. Total commitments under these agreements over the next five years are as follows:

Years ending December 31:	
2021	\$ 107,198
2022	82,803
2023	80,310
2024	64,827
2025	65,165

62

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### 12. Contingencies

### **Rate Subsidy Litigation**

Hobbs v. Modesto Irrigation District is a class-action challenge to District power rates filed in March 2016. A further suit by the same plaintiff as to rates the District adopted in December 2018 is currently stayed pending the outcome of the challenge to the 2016 rates. These challenges stem from Proposition 26, which California voters adopted on November 2, 2010. The lawsuits allege MID uses funds collected from electric customers to subsidize its irrigation and water operations and that power rates therefore illegally tax electric customers. The suit seeks refunds of alleged illegal taxes. No details of the challenge to 2018 rates are available, but the District expects the plaintiff will assert similar theories.

The trial court heard argument on whether the District is liable under Proposition 26 and issued a December 31, 2019 ruling concluding the District's 2016 rates violate Proposition 26. The court will determine the amount of the District's liability, if any, in a coming remedies phase of trial. No date has been set for that phase of trial.

The District cannot predict the outcome of the litigation or the extent to which remedies against it may be available if the District is ultimately unsuccessful in the litigation. The District is vigorously defending this matter.

### **General Contingencies**

In the normal course of operations, the District is party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. However, the District's counsel and management believe that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a significant adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the District.

### **Open Contracts**

The District has open contracts for approximately \$43,480 for various capital and operating projects. As of December 31, 2020, approximately \$24,882 has been expended.

#### **Electric Purchase Contracts**

The District has entered into numerous electric purchase contracts with amounts totaling approximately 1,288 gigawatt hours (GWh) for the purpose of fixing the rate on the District's electric power purchases. These electric purchase contracts result in the District paying fixed rates ranging from \$31.60 to \$109.50 per MWh. These contracts expire periodically from July 2021 through December 2023. In addition, the District has entered into contracts for power generated by hydroelectric, solar and wind resources where the amount and cost will depend on weather variables. The hydro, solar and wind contracts expire periodically from December 2024 through December 2040.

#### **Gas Purchase Contracts**

The District has entered into numerous gas purchase contracts for the purpose of fixing the rate on the District's natural gas purchases for its gas-fueled power plants. These gas purchase contracts result in the District paying fixed rates ranging from \$2.83 to \$3.98 per million British Thermal Units (mmbtu). The amounts total to approximately 6.6 million mmbtu and the contracts expire periodically from January 2021 through December 2025.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

### 13. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. These risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District is self insured for general and liability claims up to \$1,000. The District also has excess liability insurance for claims over \$1,000. There was no significant decrease in coverage over the prior year. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three years. Claims are paid as they are incurred. Total accrual and payment history is shown below.

	 2020	-	2019	2018		
Claims liability, beginning of year Claims accrued Claims paid/other	\$ 331 1,336 (1,104)	\$	422 517 (608)	\$	462 530 (570)	
Claims liability, end of year	\$ 563	\$	331	\$	422	

### 14. Subsequent Event

On March 17, 2021 the District issued \$48,945,000 of revenue refunding bonds for the purpose of refunding the Districts outstanding 2011A bonds of \$43,075 and the 2011 C bonds of \$32,450. The 2011A and 2011C bonds are callable on July 1, 2021. The 2021 bonds are payable over 10 years and bear an interest rate of 5.00%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - GASB Statements No. 74 and 75 (Unaudited)
December 31, 2020
(In Thousands)

	2020			2019		2018	2017			
Tatal OPER Links										
Total OPEB Liability Service cost	\$	3,102	\$	3,402	\$	5,041	\$	4,479		
Interest	Ф	6,644	Ф	5,402 6,705	Ф	6,053	Ф	6,263		
Differences between expected and		0,044		0,705		6,055		0,203		
actual experience		(4,787)		(3,042)		(599)				
Changes of assumptions		(20,384)		(6,169)		(33,732)		10,207		
Benefit payments		(7,511)		(7,720)		(7,469)		(7,049)		
Berleilt payments		(7,511)		(1,120)		(7,409)		(7,049)		
Net change in total OPEB liability		(22,936)		(6,824)		(30,706)		13,900		
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning		142,122		148,946		179,652		165,752		
Total OPEB Liability, Ending (a)	\$	119,186	\$	142,122	\$	148,946	\$	179,652		
Dian Fiducian, Not Decition										
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions, employer	\$	9.540	\$	9.782	\$	9.870	\$	7.749		
Contributions, employee	Ф	9,540	Ф	9,762	Ф	9,670	Ф	7,749 25		
Net investment income		10.076		10.934		(2,856)		7.180		
Benefit payments		(7,511)		(7,720)		(7,469)		(5,935)		
Administrative expenses		(58)		(7,720)		(7,409)		(3,933)		
Administrative expenses		(30)		(10)		(13)		(19)		
Net change in plan fiduciary										
net position		12,077		12,957		(504)		8,940		
•		,-		,		( /		-,-		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning		64,633		51,676		52,180		43,240		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b)		76,710		64,633		51,676		52,180		
Net OPEB Liability, Ending (a) - (b)	\$	42,476	\$	77,489	\$	97,270	\$	127,472		
Dies Fiducies Not Besides as a Bessetter										
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		04.000/		45 400/		0.4.000/		00.050/		
of the Total OPEB Liability		64.36%		45.48%		34.69%		29.05%		
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	47,295	\$	43,888	\$	42,110	\$	40,803		
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of										
Covered-Employee Payroll		89.81%		176.56%		230.99%		31.41%		
Annual Money Weighted Rate of Return on										
OPEB Plan Investments		15.16%		20.42%		-5.43%		16.00%		
OF LD FIGH HIVESUITEINS		13.1070		ZU.4Z70		-5.4570		10.00%		

#### Notes to Schedule:

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 74 in fiscal year 2017. Information prior to fiscal year 2017 is not available.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. The District uses a one year lag in its measurement date to record its net OPEB liability in the District's financial statements.

However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer's Contributions - GASB Statements No. 74 and 75 (Unaudited) December 31, 2020 (In Thousands)

	 2020		2019	 2018	2017		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined	\$ 2,195		2,092	\$ 2,426	\$	1,646	
determined contribution	 2,029		2,093	 2,426		1,839	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 166	\$	(1)	\$ 	\$	(193)	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 47,295	\$	43,888	\$ 42,110	\$	40,803	
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	4.29%		4.77%	5.76%		4.51%	

#### Notes to Schedule

#### Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of:

Fiscal year 2020 1/1/2020 Fiscal year 2019 1/1/2019 Fiscal year 2018 10/15/2018 Fiscal year 2017 1/1/2017

#### Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Normal cost method

Level percentage of payroll, open Amortization method

Amortization period 3-year smoothed market

Asset valuation method Fair value Inflation 1.33 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.0 percent for 2020, starting in 2017 at 6.5 percent and decreasing

0.5 percent per year to an ultimate rate of 4.5 percent in 2021

4.0 percent Salary increases

Investment rate of return 2020 6.90%\* 2019 6.90%\* 2018 7.50%\* 7.50%\* 2017

\*net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Single equivalent discount rate 6.90% 2020 2019 4.80% 2018 4.62%

2017 3 44%

Retirement age Retirement probability begins at 10.0 percent upon obtaining the

> age of 55, decreasing to 5.0 percent at age 56, then increasing to 35.00 percent at age 60. At age 61 retirement probability decreases

to 15.0 percent and increases to 50 percent at age 62.

Decreasing to 25 percent at age 63 and increasing to 100 percent at 65. Mortality

RP-2000 Blue Collar Generational Mortality Table

projected with a 75 percent Scale AA.

#### Other Information:

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 74 in fiscal year 2017. Information prior to fiscal year 2017 is not available.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018. The District uses a one year lag in its measurement date to record its net OPEB liability in the District's financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - GASB Statement No. 68 (Unaudited)

December 31, 2020

(In Thousands)

	 2020	2019		 2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ 6,961 27,194 3,390 27,042	\$	6,979 26,042 1,300	\$ 6,915 24,722 3,965	\$	6,126 23,581 1,583	\$	6,460 22,503 356	\$	5,996 21,705 -
Benefit payments including employee refunds	(19,708)		(18,340)	 (17,058)		(15,562)		(14,508)		(13,448)
Net change in total pension liability	44,879		15,981	18,544		15,728		14,811		14,253
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	 372,412		356,431	 337,887		322,159		307,348		293,095
Total Pension Liability, Ending	\$ 417,291	\$	372,412	\$ 356,431	\$	337,887	\$	322,159	\$	307,348
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions, employer Contributions, employee Net Investment income Benefit payments including employee refunds Administrative expense Other	\$ 75,862 (31) 53,933 (19,708) (439) (15)	\$	12,883 572 (14,875) (18,341) (224) (51)	\$ 13,155 477 37,866 (17,058) (189)	\$	11,854 739 16,325 (15,562) (155)	\$	12,120 465 (237) (14,508) (142)	\$	13,221 72 14,852 (13,448) (159)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	109,602		(20,036)	34,251		13,201		(2,302)		14,538
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	 256,128		276,164	 241,913		228,712		231,014		216,476
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	\$ 365,730	\$	256,128	\$ 276,164	\$	241,913	\$	228,712	\$	231,014
Employer Net Pension Liability	\$ 51,561	\$	116,284	\$ 80,267	\$	95,974	\$	93,447	\$	76,334
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	87.64%		68.78%	77.48%		71.60%		70.99%		75.16%
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 42,193	\$	41,166	\$ 41,274	\$	39,112	\$	38,211	\$	35,448
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	122.20%		282.48%	194.47%		245.38%		244.56%		215.34%
Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return	20.94%		-5.33%	15.45%		7.04%		-0.10%		6.70%

#### Notes to Schedule:

GASB 68 requires that 10 years of comparative data be shown for all the data presented above. However, as this information is unavailable for the periods preceding 2015, only the data since 2015 is being presented.

Normal retirement age - tier 1 and tier 2

Normal retirement age - tier 3

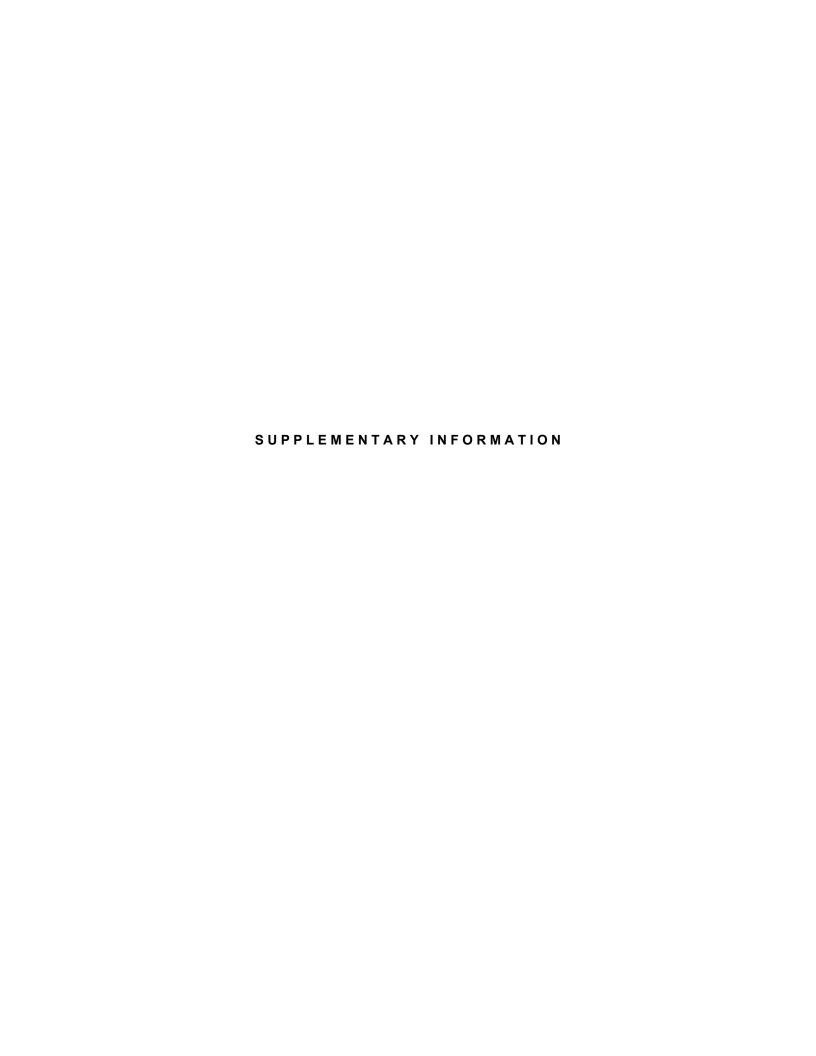
Modesto Irrigation District
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Employer's Contributions - GASB Statement No. 68 (Unaudited) December 31, 2020 (In Thousands)

	2020			2019		2018		2017		2016	2015				
Actuarial determined contributions	\$	12,491	\$	18,261	\$	12,825	\$	12,833	\$	11,781	\$	12,057			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		23,735		75,862		12,883		13,155	-	11,854		12,120			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(11,244)	\$	(57,601)	\$	(58)	\$	(322)		(73)		(63)			
Covered-employee payroll	\$	44,820	\$	42,193	\$	41,166	\$	41,274	\$	39,112	\$	38,211			
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	53%			180%	31%		32%	30%		32°					
Notes to Schedule				2020			2019 - 2015								
Actuarial cost method Amortization method		⁄ Age Normal ear amortizat					Entry Age Normal Method 30-year rolling, level-dollar amortization method								
Asset valuation method		othed fair ma es recognized		ilue method v ïve years	∕ith gai	ins and	Smoothed fair market value method with gains and losses recognized over three years								
Long term expected rate of return Discount rate Inflation Salary increases Mortality  Post-retirement adjustments Overtime assumptions	RP-2 proje 2.50° 4 per empl incre overt	% % per year, c 000 Blue Co cted with a 7 % cent plus 4 to oyees who a ased in their	llar Ge 5% of 5 16% re expe final av ne assi	inded annuall neration Mort scale AA of current sal ected to have verage salarie umption of 0%	RP-2 proje 2.50% 4 to 1 expense avera	% % % per year, c 000 Blue Co cted with a 7	llar Gei 5% of s nt salar signific due to d	neration Mor scale AA ies for emplo ant increase overtime. Ov	yees v d in the	vho are eir final					

GASB 68 requires that 10 years of comparative data be shown for all the data presented above. However, as this information is unavailable for the periods preceding 2015, only the data since 2015 is being presented.

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Modesto Irrigation District
Combining Statements of Fiduciary Net Position
December 31, 2020 and 2019 (In Thousands)

	Basic Retir	emen	nt Plan	Su	pplemental l	Retire	ement Plan		Retiree Me	dica	l Plan	<b>Total Fiduciary Activities</b>				
	 2020		2019		2020		2019		2020	201		2020			2019	
Assets																
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 634	\$	1,012	\$	32	\$	8	\$	2	\$	6	\$	668	\$	1,026	
Receivables Dividends	54		51		-		-		-		-		54		51	
Investments at Fair Value Publicly traded stocks Stable value Mutual funds	48,132 - 375,693		33,673 - 331,790		21,172 124,026		- 15,593 113,218		- - 76,766		- - 64,697		48,132 21,172 576,485		33,673 15,593 509,705	
Total assets	424,513		366,526		145,230		128,819		76,768		64,703		646,511		560,048	
Less accrued liabilities	 702		796						58		70		760		866	
Net position held in trust for retiree benefits	\$ 423,811	\$	365,730	\$	145,230	\$	128,819	\$	76,710		64,633	\$	645,751	\$	559,182	

Modesto Irrigation District
Combining Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
December 31, 2020 and 2019
(In Thousands)

	Ва	Basic Retirement Plan				Supplemental Retirement Plan				Retiree Medical Plan				Total Fiduciary Activities			
		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Additions																	
Additions to (reductions from) net position attributed to:																	
Investment income (loss):																	
Net appreciation (depreciation) of investments	\$	50,858	\$	50,434	\$	11,108	\$	16,583	\$	8,950	\$	9,668	\$	70,916	\$	76,685	
Dividend income		4,931		4,909		4,325		3,639		1,125		1,247		10,381		9,795	
Interest income		106		142		-		-		1		19		107		161	
Investment expenses		(2,056)		(1,552)		-		-						(2,056)		(1,552)	
Net investment income (loss)		53,839		53,933		15,433		20,222		10,076		10,934		79,348		85,089	
Contributions:																	
Employee contributions		1,272		(31)		2,406		2,335		30		31		3,708		2,335	
Employer contributions		23,735		75,862		2,406		2,335		9,540		9,782		35,681		87,979	
Other contributions						28		30		-				28		30	
Total contributions		25,007		75,831		4,840		4,700		9,570		9,813		39,417		90,344	
Total additions (reductions)		78,846		129,764		20,273		24,922		19,646		20,747		118,765		175,433	
Deductions																	
Deductions from net position attributed to:																	
Distributions to plan members and beneficiaries		20,537		19,708		3,852		6,389		-		-		24,389		26,097	
Medical premiums paid		-		-		-		-		7,511		7,720		7,511		7,720	
Other benefits expense		22		15		=		-		=		-		22		15	
Administrative expenses		172		377		10		62		58		70		240		509	
Consultant and professional services expenses		34		62										34	-	62	
Total deductions		20,765		20,162		3,862		6,451		7,569		7,790		32,196		34,403	
Net increase (decrease) in net position																	
held in trust for retiree benefits		58,081		109,602		16,411		18,471		12,077		12,957		86,569		141,030	
Net Position Held in Trust for Retiree Benefits																	
Beginning of year	3	65,730		256,128		128,819		110,348		64,633		51,676		559,182		418,152	
End of year	\$ 4.	23,811	\$	365,730	\$	145,230	\$	128,819	\$	76,710	\$	64,633	\$	645,751	\$	559,182	